DIRECTORIES.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Detroit District—Detroit Conference.
Church on Washington street, corner of Ellis—Rev. J. Venning, pastor. Preaching Sunday morn ing at 10:30, and evening at 7:30; class meetings a noon and 6:30 p. m.; Sunday school at noon young people's meeting at 6. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

Presbyterian.

Drawit Presbyterian.

Drawit Presbyterian.

Protestant Episcopal. Diocese of Michigan.
St. Luke's, Huron street—Rev. M. S. Woodruff, rector. Service at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at noon. Evening service at 4:30 every Friday evening.

Roman Catholic.

Roman Catholic.

Diocese of Detroit.

St. John's Church, Cross street, corner of Hamilton—Rev. Wm. DeBever, pastor. First mass at 8 o'clock Sunday morning; second mass at 10:30; vespers at 3 p. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m. Daily morning mass at 8. Evangeliean Lutheran (German).

Church on Congress street, corner of Grove—Rev. M. Kionke, pastor—Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at noon.

African Methoast Episcopat.

First District—Michigan Conference.
Church on Buffalo street, corner of Adams—
Rev. J. H. Miller, pastor. Preaching Sunday morning at 10:30, and evening at 7:15; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

Colored Baptist.

Rev. W. H. Johnson, pastor. Preaching every unday morning and evening, in McAndrew Hall Young Men's Prayer Meeting Association. Meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, a the Methodist church in January, Presbyterian ir February, Baptist in March, and Congregational in April, and so repeating. W. J. Wilcox, president: Wm. Lister, secretary.

Young Women's Christian Association Meeting every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a the residence of Mrs. Leonard corner Cross an Hamilton streets. Maggie Adair, president; Mrs Bailes, secretary.

Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor Meeting at Congregational church every Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. B. L. D'Ooge, president; Miss Lutie Densmore, secretary.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

Phoenix Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meet in Masonic Hall Tuesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. C. C. Vroman, W. M.; P. W. Carpenter, Sec.

Excelsior Chapter, No. 25, R. A. M.—Meet first Friday of each month, at Masonic Hall. A. S. Turnbull, H. P.; P. W. Carpenter, Sec. Union Council, No. 10, R. & S. M.—Meet third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall. Howard Stephenson, T. I.; W. L. Pack, Sec.

ODD FELLOWS. Wyandotte Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F.—Meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, Union Block, every Monday evening. F. L. Thompson, N. G.; L. Z. Foerster, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Carpenter Post, No. 180—Meet in A. O. U. W. Hall, first and third Fridays of each month. Col. O. E. Pratt, Com.; E. Holbrook, Adjt.

Ypsilanti Council, No. 47—Meet first and third Mondays in each month, in Good Templar Hall. Mrs. Mercy Whipple, S. C.; W. H. Hall, Rec. Sec.; C. F. Comstock, Fin. Sec.

GOOD TEMPLARS.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. Ypsilanti Division, No. 106—Meet every Wedner day evening, in Good Templar Hall. Lottie Mitch ell, Patriarch; Hattie Ruthruff, Scribe.

Ypsilanti Grange, No. 56—Meet in Grange Hal Union Block, every Wednesday evening. Mort mer Crane, M.; Mrs. N. C. Carpenter, Sec.

Typsilanti Lodge, No. 15—Meet at A. O. U. W. Hall, second and fourth Wednesday of each month. J. H. Whitney, W. M.; P. W. Carpenter, Rec.; Washbary, J. Washbary,

Math. Stein, F. Washtenaw Lodge, No. 27—Meet first and third Friday of each month in Masonic Block. F. J. Swaine, M. W.; C. D. Wilcoxson, Rec.; A. A. Padall.

Meet in Masonic Block, first and third Wednesdays of each month. O. E. Thompson, Dic.; J. N. Howland, F. R.; Wm. Judd, Rep. Ægis Council, No. 117—Meet at A. O. U. W. Hall seond and fourth Mondays in each month. A. odeman, Regent; P. W. Carpenter, Sec.; W. B.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.

Wolverine Tent, No. 77—Meet in Masonic Block, second and fourth Wednesdays in each month. E. Thompson, S. K. C.; E. Holmes, R. K.

CATHOLIC MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION

FRATERNAL MYSTIC CIRCLE.

Ypsilanti Ruling, No. 25—Meet at A. O. U. W. Hall, first and third Thursdays of each month. F. H. Barnum, W. R.; P. W. Carpenter, W. Rec.; H. D. Wells, Col.

MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY (COLORED). Meet every Wednesday evening, at hall on Chicago avenue. Chas. Anderson, President; Elijah Artis, Sec.

GOOD SAMARITANS AND DAUGHTERS OF SAMARIA. Meet every Friday evening, at Davis' Hall. T. S Roadman, Chief; David York, Sec.

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The Opsilantian.

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2 brick blocks on Congress street,

1 house and lot on East Cross "

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one chance in the drawing of a 5-octave Smith organ, at W. R. Davis' Shoe House

Cashmere hose from 25 to 75 cents at

Get your watch and jewelry repairing

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Prospect

Forest avenue.

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Also houses to rent.

besides first and second on cheese. DETROIT, LANSING AND NORTHERN. Going North. Going South. 5 05 Detroit 5 58 Plymouth 6 11 Salem 6 22 South Lyon 6 56 Howell 8 10 Lansing

pates peace.

ready for the harvest.

Female voices were most noticable in the crowd at Mr. Douglass' meeting. On

could not be remedied. Some of the opposition party thought the U.S. Senate could not originate a

read the U.S. Constitution and get better Mr. Guenther worked for seven dollars per month in Germany. but secured em-

taxes without a grumble. Very nice winter apples are sold on our market at one dollar per barrel.

The robins are gathering in the Moun-

tain Ash berries. It was mistaken ecconomy on the part of

the old lady who threw the fifty dollar bill into the river Monday. It will take a heap of muscle to restore it, besides making trouble all round. It should be remembered that finding property does not transmatch their suits, made to order at Hewitt fer the title to the finder, a fact too often forgotten.

> veterans of the 20th Michigan Infantry is in progress here. The public exercises occur at the Opera House and banquet at

> Fine House for Sale. The late residence of J. J. Stephenson 144 Congress street west. Also, a few pieces of fine furniture. Apply to Jay

Bradley has just received another ship A fine line of ladies' 25 cent cashmere | ment of New Japan Tea which he is going to almost give away.

The Dress Stay Co. have fitted up a very handsome and convenient office in the ner Daman, arrived here a few days ago southeast corner of their building, and from California. moved their business office into it.

Somebody in the city is in the habit of move to northwestern Minnesota, locating turning his cow loose in the streets and of | in the Red River valley. Our people will causing a world of trouble to those having deplore the loss of so estimable a citizen, gardens or grain in the vicinity. New but will follow him with their good wishes, corn is not a safe diet for cows, we venture and hope his professional skill will win to say, and the owner may find himself for him in his new field as great success out, some fine morning, just one red as it has here, and wealth galore. bovine, whose epitaph should read, "died | John Shipman is a Harrison voter o of eating sweet but stolen provender." It 1846 and 1888. He went to the big meetis better to take care of the cow, than pay | ing in Detroit forty-eight years ago, and

Business" begins at once. Mr. Hough does great credit to his ar- purpose of age. tistic taste in fitting up his store, which is as attractive as any in the city. New cases | week. have been recently put in, thus affording enlarged facilities to display his elegant line of goods, and everybody who enters his appartments, receive a most cordial

The Ypsilanti circle of the C. L. S. C. parishioner. will meet with Mrs. Ann W. Bassett, Monday evening, Oct. 15. The Y. W. C. A. has organized a Bible

Training class, under the leadership of Dr. McCorkle. A cordial invitation is extended to all young ladies who would like to take up the Bible as a study. The class | Fannie Kief have returned to their schools meets with Miss Allie Densmore, on north | at Charlotte. Huron street, next Monday evening, Oct. 15, at 7:30.

Rev. W. T. Beale preached to a large and interested congregation at the Congregational church last Sunday evening or 'The secret of happiness." Next Sunday evening his subject is "How to be rich." Morning subject, "True tests of fellow

ship." Seats are free and all are welcome. The Ladies' Library Association will give a Parlor Lecture next Wednesday evening Oct. 17, at the residence of Mr. Jerome Walton. Mr. Sill will deliver the lecture.

The Congregational ladies will hold

social to-morrow evening (Friday), at the residence of E. R. E. Cowell, to which all Chas. Burkhart of Saline, O. S. Bonsteel of Ypsilanti, and G. L. Hoyt of Lodi, constitute the republican committee for

this representative district for the next two years. The Young People's Society of Stony Creek Presbyterian Church will hereafter hold their meetings at 7:30 Sunday even-

ing, instead of in the afternoon as heretofore. Mr. F. P. Hunt, cross street, this city has a most fruitful pear tree, of the Seckle variety. Wednesday last he brought to our office a small branch containing a clus-

ter of 17 pears, all well formed and luscious. It is a marvel. The Washtenaw Pomona Grange meets with the Fraternity Grange of Augusta 17th. The discussion will consider the question: Tariff for Revenue vs. Tariff

are invited to attend. Firemans benefit, the stirring drama One of the Bravest," at the opera house, Saturday evening, Oct. 20. Reserved seat tickets for sale at W. R. Davis' shoe store

and Samson's drug store. If it be never to late to repent, we would even at this late day, carry out the good purpose we had in making a memorandum thought to be diphtheria. That a girl at the fair, but which was afterward over looked and forgotten. It was to the effect that Harvey S. Day of Willis made tended that no one should know when she the second largest show of Holstines, and took six first and two second premiums.

Congressman Allen held a rousing meet ing at Ann Arbor, Friday evening. The boys turned ont and made the heavens ured with torch and lively with their

The time draweth nigh when the festive fly will fold its wings and give the bald

Notice that Alderman Case's weeds are

such occasions, all should be philosophers and bear in silence the annoyances which

Mr. Guenther in error when he stated that measure for raising the revenue. Better

ployment at \$30 per month on landing in this "tax burdened" country. He pays all

As we go to press the reunion of the Light Guard Hall, this evening.

YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, OCT. 11, 1888.

The mother of our townsman, Mr. Sum-

Dr. Knickerbocker has decided to re-

damages or pound fees. This is a hint. hurrahed for Old Tip in all the enthusiasm of youth, and now hurrahs with the sober

Mrs. Beckley of Elkhart is in town this

Miss Bartle of Saline has returned from her visit at Marine City.

Rev. M. S. Woodruff, of the Episcopal church, was called to Big Rapids, last week, to conduct the funeral of a former

G. L. Foote and his brother from Flint have gone to visit their early home in eastern New York.

Miss Lou Amsden went to Chicago yes terday morning to visit relatives. Misses Ola Parsons, Maggie Wise and

Dr. Kinne was called to Charlevoix last week by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Beach. He is expected to return this

Mr. A. N. Morton and T. E. Wood, old Chelsea friends, are in attendance on the reunion of the 20th Michigan. The years have seemed to tell on them; but still rest

lightly on these old warriors. city a visit last week.

Mr. Conlan, one of the leading boys of the Normal, is well grounded in protection principles, and is wide awake for the party

Mr. A. A. Graves, our worthy grocer, is on the sick list. Too much Plymouth fair, and typhoid fevor. His symptoms are better at this writing.

Mr. Charles Dwyer of Dexter township. democrat candidate for sheriff, took refuge a few moments from the cold, one day last week, in our office. If elected Mr. Dwyer will be a pleasant man to meet if he has no warrant in his pocket. Pity there should be a big if, though, at the be-

ginning of the conditional clause. Dr. Herbert H. Ewell, of Rochester, Mich., and Miss Carrie J. Tuttle, were married at the residence of the residence of the bride's father, John W. Tuttle, o Ypsilanti town, Yesterday, and departed on the afternoon train for Rochester. Rev. W. F. Beale officiated.

Inquest, ownship, in their hall, Wednesday Oct. lyn, yesterday, and held an inquest upon the body of Minnie Smith, daughter of John Smith, who was found dead in bed last for Protection. All 4th degree members | Monday morning. Some circumstances led the neighbors to think an inquest advisable. Post mortem examination de veloped that the girl died of diphtheria. and a verdict was rendered accordingly She had had no medical attendance, except one call from a physician several days before her death, when she was away from home, at which time the malady was not should die of diphtheria in her father's house, without medical help and so unatdid die, suggests a state of things which should explain the neighborhood impression of the need of an inquest.

Suicide. Mrs. Margarette Conklin, a widow living in the 4th ward, last night took "rough on rats", and died before morning. She bought the poison at Knapp's about 5 o'clock, saying the rats were undermining her house and her daughter wanted her to and found her suffering from the poison. After two or three hours treatment she seemed out of danger and the doctor departed; but she afterward relapsed and died. Her age was 62 years, and the only member of her family here is her daughter Annie, who works in the Stay factory

The public meeting of the Grand Divis ion of Sons of Temperance, at the opera house last night, was attended by a large audience, and a pleasant and entertaining program was presented, marred somewhat. nowever, by the insane rantings of a cowpoy preacher from Kansas, who told his audience that three fourths of the voters in the United States are drunkards, and half of those in Canada are drunk all of the That is a consolation; that is a blessed soltime. The closing address of Mr. Taylor ace. of Lansing we did not hear.

A week from next Sunday, Oct. 21, is recommended by the State Board of Corrections and Charities to the clergy of Michigan, to be devoted to the consideration of the subject of prisons, "to the end that the full power of Christianity may be applied to solve the problems of crime and panperison in our state."

They Know Beans. Ainsworth & Co., that is. They have received a government contract for that toothsome and nutritious vegetable, and are on the warpath for beans. Unless Uncle Sam lets up, Boston is going to suf-

Miss Smith's dancing class will meet at Sampson's hall, every Saturday afternoon at half past 2 o'clock. New scholars will be received at any time. Go to Hough's for your stationary, posi-Bradley's blended 25 cent coffee cannot

Death of Mrs. J. W. Babbitt. On the 28th of September, 1888, Philinda Walker Babbitt, wife of Dr. J. W. Babbitt and mother of J. Willard Babbitt, esq., died at her residence on River street, aged 78 years. She was a native of Massachusetts, and spent her early years in Albany, N. Y., residing later in western New York, where she was married in 1834. She came here with her husband in 1848, where they had since resided. Seldom does Death appear more entirely in the guise of a smiling angel, than in this case. Suffering and mostly helpless for the last seven years, she longed for the release and eagerly welcomed it, and died in peace with this world and in hope of the next. She was a member of the Episcopal Church, and the funeral was conducted at the residence by Mr. Woodruff, rector of St. Luke's. By request of the friends we publish some extracts from the excellent discourse:

Ye are not as yet come to the rest and to the in eritance which the Lord your God giveth you.-

Here in this world, this world which can e very bright to-day and very dark to morrow, we get some blessed, heavenly thing. We say we are rich; all but contented now! Such is the joyous utterance of our soul. But we do not know what an hour may bring forth. An hour! What dark, sad hours some of us can go ack to. The hour that brought to us the fatal message; the hour which wrought

the awful change.

These sorrows of this present world are ometimes long deferred; but often the cloud, the thing we prize is suddenly struck down. We who were so rich a

Such is the lot of all, as time glides on. Senator Moore of Muskegon paid this People who have been spared for a length-ened period begin to think themselves secure; but the Disposer of this world's affairs "is no respecter of persons." Sooner or later the uncertain character of all things below is shown. We are to have grief and pain in this world; tribulation,

If we count on a house which has sure and enduring foundations, we must build gher than the sands upon which we Here we have no continuing city, no continuing prosperity, no continuing good. When we are most hopeful and most confident, in that special hour when most of all we think not, the desolation falls. Enter this house and that, and ask their occupants if the hope of their sunny youth, and their golden prime have been fulfilled. Ask the silver-haired ones whom we meet, if the child on which they counted most brought the joy for which they looked. How many, with sad gesture,

will point to the earth and say, "The mossy marbles rest
On the Lips that we have prest
In their bloom.
The name we loved to hear
Has been carved for many a year
On the tomb."

"The brightest tarried but a little while, and then passed to the hidden realms. Such is their report. Sad, heart break-

But there is something for us to take old of beyond the earthly view.

We are only pilgrims here; this is not our home; this is not our rest. ourneying unto the place of which God has told us; the sweet and blessed country where the weary come to rest, where the sorrowing pass to joy; where glad welomes await us from those who have gone before; where one instant, one beaming moment, of the felicity which is obtained ging years which were so dark and dreary and hard. "Sorrows cease at death, like storm that suddenly stops; we pass be yond them as men pass up through rain into the sunshine on the loftier slopes. Hold on till death only, and there will

ever be another Joy comes in God's good time. Besides the getting back, at that time, the blessed things we had lost, there comes to us the showing of the reason of the sorrows which we have borne below. We needed it to keep us pressing on to the hidden lands.

The affliction, when it freshly fell on s, seemed more than we could bear; but God after a sort—the heart-breaking sort we left the spot which was so sweet in our prosperity, and so desolate in our adversity ith eyes fixed on the far-away skies, with hope of some day coming to the land of get it. At 7 o'clock Dr. Knapp was called rest; indifferent to all the sweet things and bitter things about us, we plodded on Then the heart, which at first seemed parlyzed, as we moved along began to bear the distressed ones traveling at our side it took in all, near to us or far from us. * * Joy came—that peace of the soul which all the sorrows of this world could not move, could not harm or overthrow because it was produced out of the sor-cows; it had its very being out of the cribulation which so darkened our sky. It was the flower which came up from the dust which had been watered by our flowing tears. This joy, as Christ the Heaven-ly One said, when He, in His humility and pity to us, was traveling our desert way none can take away from us;" it is one of the staying things, because it is one

the heavenly things; not of the world, though found in the world. * * * The joyous and "unfading life beyond!" We can toil on, even though worried in body and spirit, when we know that each step we take brings us nearer home. Each lay, as the sunlight yields to the shade brings us so much nearer to the Golden Gate. As we pass in-in through the golden gateway—we pass forever from the clouded field. No more shall our sun go down, for the season of darkness is done hearts: think of that blessed land and that sweet rest to which she has passed, and

which gleams in your front.

Died, at the residence of her daughter Mrs. E. B. Dunham, Wednesday evening Oct. 3, 1888, Mrs. Arvilla Wheeler Bancroft aged 82 years. The funeral was attended at the residence, Friday afternoon, and burial in Highland Cemetery.

Died of consumption in Superior, Mrs Josephine Filkins, aged 34 years.

tively finest assortment in the city

An Enthusiastic Occasion.

The incidents of travel made it possible,

Mr. Guenther's Brilliant Speech.

most cogent speakers, which it has ever fal-Manchester in the afternoon, Mr. Guenther, of Wisconsin, found it desirable to return to Ypsilanti, to make his connectons for his next appointment. He would have several hours to wait before the time of his train and, on solicitation, kindly and generously consented to speak,—a special favor to Ypsilanti. Although but a few hours were given to circulate the notice of the meeting, the Opera House was well filled and we have yet to hear a single expression except of the highest admiration for his able and earnest presentation of the questions at issue. Men went there doubting but left with all doubts cleared away. Every free trade notion was driven out of them by his unanswerable logic. Mr. Guenther treated the subject like an expert, which he is. Not a little of the earnestness and fire which his manner beflashed from his eye, was due to his recent investigation at New York, of the condito such degradation, morally and physically, in the old world. His whole being rebels sons so wrecked in foreign factories, or of moment ago have had to give our treasure ter paid labor and resist the ruinous assault of free trade upon the better conditions in this, his adopted country. For an hour and a half he held his audience spell bound, not by any trick of oratory or flash of wit, but by his masterly presentation of the column of figures is in these words; the stern facts which confront us in this

struggle at the polls. Mr. Guenther has known and suffered from the hard conditions imposed upon labor in the father-land, and, while he cherishes all the tender recollections of his boyhood, and confesses to a lingering love for his old home, he is nevertheless intensely American in all his sympathies and efforts, and his voice has become a most potent factor in deciding the issues of this campaign. He loves the country of his adoption, the country which took dertake the task of making our impetuhim a poor boy, and opened to him a bright future, and made it possible for will closely observe, they shall see that him to become a respected and honored the items enumerated as not included in influence in the great commonwealth, and | the table are three, all distinctly separated because he loves her and appreciates the by semi-colons; and after the last semibenefits she has conferred, he is a protect- colon follows the statement of the aggreionist, and, as he declared at Manchester, "it were better that his right hand should whole country, 240,681,751 pounds, instead wither than that it should ever cast a vote of the 155,681,755 given in the table as the

His speech will not soon be forgotten. The meeting was enthusiastic throughout. and a decided success. Should Mr. Guenther ever find it in his way to revisit Ypsilanti he will find hosts of friends and ad-

mirers to welcome him.

A Rare Treat Offered. Tuesday, Oct. 23, the fifth anniversary

and commencement of Cleary's Business College, will be an occasion to excite the interest and pleasure of all classes. In addition to the usual exercises, two distinguished citizens of the state will be present, Gov. Luce and Senator Palmer. The former will present the diplomas to the graduates, and the latter will make the of sense and the punctuation, also a dis-

attendance from all classes. The banquet in the evening is open to every friend of the institution. The formal invitations are issued as mementoes for the graduates

and their friends, and express no preference at the banquet.

Nominations Completed. The republican Senatorial convention of the 4th District, met at the Court house in Ann Arbor, Oct. 10, 1888. The convention was called to order by Wm. Campbell, chairman of the senatorial committee, who named J.W. Morris of Monroe for temporary chairman, and H. S. Boutell was elected temporary secretary. On motion the temporary officers were made perma-

Dr. Owen of Ypsilanti presented the name of Clark Cornwell for State Senator. Mr. Jacobs of Ann Arbor seconded the nomination, and on motion the rules were suspended and Mr. Cornwell was unaninously nominated by acclamation.

The following senatorial committee was appointed: J. W. Morris, Grape, Monroe Co; Gen. Geo. Spalding, Monroe; H. S. Boutell, Ypsilanti; Chas. E. Hiscock, Ann Arbor: F. B. Braun, Ann Arbor.

W. C. T. U. Convention.

The Washtenaw county Woman's Christian Temperance Union convention at Manchester last week, was limited in its attendance by the occurence of great political meetings at the same time. Ypsilanti furnished the greatest number of accredited delegates. This union is said in the reports to be the most aggressive in the county, working vigorously on all lines, even by discussing the tariff and all political questions bearing on the home life. There are seven unions in the county-Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Salem, Saline, Dexter, Manchester and Chelsea, all officially reported at the convention except the

The National Union holds its 15th an nual meeting in New York, Oct. 10-25.

Pony wanted for family use. Apply to E. B. Morehouse. Mustangs need not ap-

Good school hosiery at 10, 15, 25 cents just received at the Bazarette.

Fooling with Statistics.

The Ypsilanti Commercial, last week, delivered what it evidently believed would prove a crushing blow to The Ypsilantian. Thursday night, for the citizens of Ypsi- After copying a misleading portion of anti to listen to one of the clearest and what we said that week about Mr. Stearns' claim that Texas outranked all New Enlen to their lot to hear. After speaking at | gland, New York and Michigan, in wool

product, the Commercial says:

The above was written it appears after listening to Mr. Stearns' speech, and it is evident from the sequel that the editor instead of hurrying down to his office to consult the census report should have hurried home and gone to bed, and looked up the census report in the morning when he had sufficient ambition to turn to "page 141;" for next to the figures 6,925,019 quoted above as the Texas wool product, is a note which refers the reader to page 141 for further information. It there gives the fall clip of the states of California and Texas, as over 13 million pounds; the ranch product of the same states, 34 millions, and the "plucked and slaughtered" over 38 millions. These little items then, which our brother was too sleepy to read, make a grand total of 85 million pounds for the states of California and Texas. If Texas is entitled to one fourth of this total, and it certainly is, to that and more, we have over 21 millions for Texas, which with the 6,925,019 above mentioned makes say 28 million, against the 27 million of the other states mentioned by Mr. Stearns.

The Ypsilantian must really excuse us—we cannot help being surprised. It should surprise any one that a man capable of editing a paper of the high tone which the Ypsilantian usually observes should be capable of imposing such staff upon the people. To overlook some eighty-five million pounds in a single calculation ought to "be too much even for a republican editor.

This is quite a smart piece of writing; product, the Commercial says:

This is quite a smart piece of writing; trayed, which gleamed from his face and but if our young friends will give us their careful attention, we will endeavor to show them that their zeal is not born of tion of immigrants at Castle Garden, and knowledge, nor tempered by discretion. the pauper wages which had brought them When they are older, and have had at least six months' experience in the democrat party, they should be able more justly to at the thought of opening our ports to per- estimate the magnitude of the contract they have undertaken. We are disposed dumping the products of such pauper to give them such help in that direction sun scarcely passes the meridian line, till labor, free, upon our markets to satisfy the the lightning flashes out from the black greed of foreign extentionists. He felt greed of foreign extortionists. He felt a bolt at somebody's head, they may be he must stand in defense of our own bet- better equipped for their task than they

seem now to be. It was needless for them to refer us to 'page 141"- we were there before they were; but we do not find there the statements that they quote. The heading of "Wool, spring clip of 1880 (b)." The "(b)" refers to a foot note, which reads as fol-

b Not including the following items, the result

of special investigation: Texas and California fall

clip of sheep reported on farms, 13,000,000 pounds;

ool of other (ranch) sheep, 34,000,000 pounds; pulled wool and fleece and slaughtered sheep, 38, 000,000 pounds; making an aggregate of 240,681,751 It is humiliating to have to explain the meaning of so plain a statement as that, but it seems to be necessary, and we unour young friends understand it. If they gate that would thus be found for the

aggegrate of the spring clip on farms The first of those items is, "Texas and California fall clip of sheep reported on farms, 13,000,000 pounds;"

The second is. vool of other (ranch) sheep, 34,000,000 pounds;

The third is. "pulled wool and fleece of slaughtered sheep, 38, 000,000 pounds;"

And the last clause reads, making an aggregate of 240,681,751 pounds Why in the world the boys didn't claim that aggregate as belonging to Texas and California, we do not understand. The punctuation would place it there, if the two preceding clauses are so places; and had they done that, they would have escaped adding to their blundering disregard baccalaureate address. We be peak large regard of consistency. They now seem to be about equally guilty under all three heads. But we trust they are able now to. see that the 34,000,000 pounds of wool of "other," that is, ranch, sheep, belongs not to Texas and California, but embraces all there is in the country, scattered over every state and territory west of the Missouri River; and also that the pulled wool and fleece of slaughtered sheep belong not to Texas and California, but to every state and territory where sheep die or are slaughtered. If they can show how much

> and the other states, which such facts may require, can easily be made. This leaves of their indictment only the 13,000,000 pounds of fall clip, which does pelong to Texas and California, and which ve did take into account and credit to Mr. Stearns in our article, as well as the entire increase in sheep from 1880 to 1887. That part of our article, however, they omitted to quote, which is why we speak above of copying a misleading portion. Did they do that purposely? or were they them-

> of those belong to Texas and how much to

other states and territories, any readjust-

ment of the comparison between Texas

selves "sleepy"? McNish, Ramza & Arno's Minstrels' The company presents its first part in a tyle more attractive than usually followed in minstrel entertainment, but as pleasing to the eye as was the arrangement of the stage it was nothing to the succession of good things offered in the music, both vocal and instrumental.—Indianapolis Journal, Sept. 8. Ypsilanti Opera House,

All persons indebted to Wm. Bradley, late of Ypsilanti Market, will please call and settle before Oct. 15, after which date the accounts will be left with D. C. Griffin for collection.

I have for rent a suit of six rooms for nousekeeping; also, one store. AUSTIN GEORGE.

Some splendid bargains in mittens, ranging from 10 to 50 cents, at the Bazar-

Remember you can find the best assortment of inks, muscilage and writing materials at Hough's.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1888.

According to a Southern writer. sorghum syrup has a soothing effect on the disposition of women and children, who probably are easily appeared by sugar candy.

An agent of the British Government has investigated the reports of a famine being imminent in Upper Burmah, and finds them to have been greatly exaggerated.

An envelope has been invented which is tinted in such a manner as to turn black, blue and red if an attempt is made to open it by wetting or exposing to steam. Damp weather does

At an English dinner party the table was covered with a white satin cloth, on which were placed large sacks of white satin tied with silver cords, from which a wealth of white flowers seemed to be tumbling.

An Italian physician claims to have discovered that the blood of an eel contains poison of a similar character to the poison of vipers. He says an eel of two kilogrammes has in its blood enough poison to kill six men.

A French Ministerial organ confesses that the country runs into debt at the rate of 300,000,000 francs a year. Others put the sum down at double be kept up until Bismarck dies.

A remarkable mirage was seen on the Baltic at Hudiksvall on July 15. It represented a ship going down in a terribly agitated sea, a boat being on the point of putting off for the vessel. The mirage lasted five minutes.

An infant went into spasms on hearing the shrill whistle of a steamer at Bullock's Point, R. I., recently, and died in a short time. The parents

A cynic at a summer hotel finds amusement in the number of broken and insist on making us a present of dishes. He says he expects to hear at a few hundreds? They could easily least one terrific crash of crockery afford to do it, and only think what a every day in the dining-room, and dur- godsend it would be to us! ing a visit of three weeks he has not been disappointed.

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has christened an old liquor with a new name. She told an interviewer lately that she invariably took a little aconite before going on the stage to steady her nerves. It turned out that this aconite was the primest Scotch whisky.

The authorities of St. Paul's Cathedral have listened approvingly to the proposal to clean the exterior. The majority of artists, however, believe in the beauty of dirt, and will raise their voices in antagonism to the profane idea of washing St. Paul's.

The oldest rose bush in the world is trained against the old church at Heldersheim, in Germany, and it is claimed that authentic record states trellis to be erected to support the rose. The main branch is larger than a man's

There are 800,000 freight cars on the various railroad lines in this country, of which 60,000 are the property of the Pennsylvania Central Road. range in value from \$300, the cost of constructing a flat car, to \$1,500, the amount expended in building the average refrigerator car.

Workmen in a gravel bed on the Western Railway of Alabama recently came upon the skeleton of what they were found a silver coronet, silver fans her hot cheeks furiously. bracelets, a necklace made of silver buckles tied with a silk ribbon, and a peculiar knife with a sabre blade.

English papers say that the swallows are scarce in various parts of the country where they used to be abundant. In some localities they are hardly seen at all. This is attributed to the rain, I'll begin and tell you the whole odd

which has deprived the swallows of the necessary supply of winged insects, which are fostered by sunshine.

A Saratoga dame has learned the sure way of attracting attention for the variety of costumes. Instead of wearing dresses of the same range of colors but in varying styles, she comes out all red one day, all white the next, all black the third, and so on, making by decided contrast a deep impression upon all observers.

Figaro is a good example of British ig- I haven't got any," she explains, with norance of anything American: "Rev. E. P. Rose, whose death from neuralgia of the heart was recently announ- know, that dear, kind man gave me a ced, did not commence writing fiction splendid flask, with his compliments until he was thirty years old. His first to the invalid, and he hoped it would work, 'Barn Is Burned Away,' was a do her good' Yes; I know by that great success, and most of his books look that you are going to ask me have enjoyed a very large sale." Even where it is, and if you'll just give me Matthew Arnold got it straighter than | time, I'll make a full confession. Don't

A magnificent hieroglyphic papyrus, containing a careful transcript of the 'Book of the Dead," has been secured and lo and behold you it had elo by the British Museum. It was written for a royal scribe called Ani, who was a man of great importance to the early part of the period of the rule of the kings of the nineteenth dynasty over Egypt, about 3,200 years ago. papyrus is quite complete, the first and last vignette having been preserved in-

The London Times reports that a trout weighing 16 pounds 2 ounces was lately captured in the River Itchen at Winchester. The bait was a live minnow and he was not landed till two hours after he was hooked. He had haunted the stream for years, and had

American Bishops in London: "The Bishops from across the seas not only lacked the violet court dress in which their English brethren disport them- me, and down went that precious flask but they had not the knee breeches and silk stockings in which, with the exception of my Lord his Grace of York and a few more with shapely legs, their lordships make themselves guys."
Some of them afterward procured the regulation costume, but not all.

Thirteen years ago a young man was? Well, it was the original of that named Toole went West, and just before the Ashtabula disaster wrote to his day," and having announced this piec family in New Haven that he was about of news with telling force, Cleo folds to start for California. Nothing more was heard of him and he was mourned He said that he had written several letters home and had received no ans- did you say?" Janet questions in a wer; he was not in the Ashtabula dis- most fluttering state of interest. aster, but had been making money ir

Woman's Constancy.

"This with my love!" Thus spake a jet-crowned maid:
And with the word, with trembling fingers, deft.
From many a sister tress one curl was

And in his outstretched palm with sweet

trust laid.
"This as my love! for, though Time's frosts shall fade
The locks this touchstone act hath left,
This curl, in Hope's bright Spring-time Shall know no change till Nature's debt be

paid!" his, thirty years agone. He met to-day The bright-eyed maiden of the tress and Lo! silver circlets clustered 'round her

And 'mong neglected keepsakes found a Ebon as when it crowned the faithful

-From "Woman" by Thomas J. Ham.

MISS CLEO'S NEGATIVE.

"Most through, Cleo?"

"Yes; almost. Inten minutes I shall have finished." The young person addressed is sitting with her back to her sister, and all the face and half of her head is hidden by the hood of a retouching frame. She is leaning eagerly forward. Her eyes are riveted on the negative before her, and her deft. dainty fingers are making swift, magic strokes on the work under her hand. "In ten minutes more," the sweet musical voice repeats; "and when I've done I shall place before your asthat amount. This state of affairs will tonished gaze something too utterly lovely, my Lady Jane."

Then Janet Heath lifts her head wearily from the cushions of her invalid couch, and sighs impatiently. Cleo's quick ear catches that sigh instantly.

"Are you in pain, Janie?" "No not particularly. Only think, I dare not read aloud to you any more. I begin to think that comical genius, Sir Royle Roche, was exceedingly correct when he said that 'the greatest of threaten to sue for damages, claiming by one much greater. It seems so, that the whistling was unnecessary. actually. Oh, dear, dear! Why don't all calamities was generally followed some of our rich relatives hunt us up

"Well, for your sake, Janie, I sincerely wish they would. Then you could have that operation performed on your eyes at once, and I should be able to get you all the nice, nourishing food that the doctor recommended and that fine wine that he said you ought to—Now, see this!" and she handed Miss Janet the negative.

"Yes,' Miss Janet says, after regarding the negative critically, "you certainly have done splendid work upon it, and it is really an exceedingly nice face; but I have seen you retouching many and many a one that was far handsomer.

'Well, I will admit all that," the girl answers, receiving the negative back and gazing down at the face. "Still, this one has interested me greatly ever since I began working upon it. that in 1079 Bishop Hepilo caused a But, good gracious, this won't do! Only look at all the time I've been wasting! I must scramble into my things and take this work to the gallery at once,' she breaks forth suddenly.

> Then she flies to the closet, takes out a very odd, quaint poke bonnet, ties it on, and, eatching up the package of well-done work, hurries to the door

"Well, Janie here I am at last!" Cleo exclaimed an hour later, flashing into the cool, dark room in a breathless sort of way, with her cheeks much deeper in color than when she left and a pair of wild, oddly excited eyes. came upon the skeleton of what they think was an Indian princess. On it sits down in a stiff-backed chair and

"Well, Janie, do you know the most

romantic incident has occurred this afternoon? Really, I do actually begin to think there must have been some one around practicing black art whatever that may be. There, now, don't commence to lose your patience, and occurrence right from the start. I went to the gallery first, of course, and gave in my work and got my money, all of it-three big, dollars, if you please. Then I went to the market to get something nice for you. From there I went over to Mr. Norton's drug store, and I told him I wanted a flask of his very best wine, and I wanted it just as cheap as he could let me have it, and do you know -now don't say a word. I know you are fixing to scold me for my 'shame-The following note from London ful extravagance,' but you needn't for a mysterious little smile. "Let me see; where was I? Oh, yes; and do you run away with the idea that I drank it, though, because I didn't. As soon and lo and behold you it had clouded up awful, and was beginning to rain right smart,' as the countryman said. When I saw that, I really didn't know what to do. Of course, I wouldn't have an umbrella. That wouldn't be my luck, you know, and I had so many packages that I couldn't hold up my clothes, and I was in a dreadful dilemma. I finally decided, though that the best thing would be to make

a scamper for home as fast as my feet

would carry me. So I took a fresh grip on all my bundles, and was just striding along with my most Elizabethan-like strides, when that most exasperating shoe of mine became untied-of course, I would have on those acquired quite a reputation for the number of rods he had broken. He thin, low things. I was going wildly along, breaking my heart thinking how was in splendid condition and has gone muddy my skirts and the tassels were into the hands of a taxidermist for pre-getting—you know these are my grand state-occasion shoes," she re-The Pall Mall Gazette, says of the marks, looking despairingly at them-"when somebody came dashing frantically along, with an umbella far over his head, and knocked slap up against

selves at dinners and evening parties, and was shivered into sixteen million pieces!" she cries jumping up and striking a tragic attitude. 'Why, what was the matter with the man? Where were his eyes? Janet asks, crossly, sitting up very "Oh, he had them with him, my dear, and now, who do you suppose it

her arms and looks across at Janet. "Is that so? Well, well! After that as one of the dead of that tremendous deluge! By the way you were in one accident. The other day he walked at the time. I am amazed. It was into his old home well and prosperous. fate, my dear-it was written. Well, and-go on-what did he do, and what

negative that I've been raving over all

"Say? If you'll believe me. I never said anything. I couldn't, and I shall lit room in a very few moments now.

your packages out of your arms.' even further than I did and knock all and allow me the pleasure of seeing you safely home, some one else may go neve you of some of your packages said: Well, at least you'll let me rewas he did not urge me further but so when he saw how much in earnest and getting another one filled for me but, of course, I could not permit that and then he fairly insisted on going asked, glancing down. I told him, What was in the flask?" deed so awkward as to cause this acci dons; and I am more than sorry to have young lady, I beg ten thousand parhat in the most graceful manner im-aginable, and he said: "My dear Yet in her orbs was love. He went his umbrella over me, then he lifted his little nearer, and held his ni the first thing was that he stepped And what did he do? We positively I did, and I couldn't help it when I tell you that I actually stood day, and you'll blush for me, I know, be ashamed of myself for ever and a time, and his beautiful eyes were so eloquent that naturally I gave my consent. And now, who do you suppose he is, after all?" Cleo demands, pausing to take breath. "Here is his card," with a very elaborate flourish: "Julian

Van Ness, at your ladyship's service. "Why, why, Cleo, you don't really mean that he is the Julian Van Ness that used to live at uncle's, and that we romped and played together with?"

quite breathless. 'The same, madam," with over-

whelming dignity. "Why, Cleo!" And after this ejaculation the young lady seems to subside into blank and profound amazement, and Cleo, quite elated with the effect she has produced, continues:

"Yes, it is the very same youth Didn't I keep telling how familiar his face seemed? Well, he still makes uncle's house his home, and has gone into business for himself, and he has just returned from Europe-been there six months—and is immensely wealthy. How he ever kept from laughing in my face when I was so utterly crushed bout that wine, I'm sure I can't think. That's somebody at the door."

She flies to open it and comes face to face with a huge colored gentleman. 'Yes, I am Miss Cleo Heath," she nforms him; then he puts a great bunch of freshly cut, dewy flowers in ner hand, sets a good-sized demijohn nside the door, bows to the bewildered oung ladies and vanishes as mysteriusly as he came.

Well, did you ever?" Janet cries. excitedly.

makes answer, "and we will probably be enlightened:

To Miss Cleo and her sister, with my compliments, and a heartfelt wish that both the flowers and the wine may cheer

more charmingly done? Didn't I tell you he was the nicest man I ever met?" ooking with worshipful eyes at the Two days later there came another

exquisite bouquet and a note in which tickets are inclosed for a lecture. What are the tickets for, Cleo?" "They are for a lecture that is to be

given this evening at Temple Hall, and he hopes to see us there. How is it with you Janie? Do you think you are able to walk so far? "Far? Why, its only a very little

distance. I went much further than all, and is used by all. that this morning. Let's get ready." selves nicely seated in the brilliantly smaller in size than the ordinary burst of applause. His subject is is sold at retail at from 5 to 10 cents, 'Spiritualism and Thought Reading."

that there is no black art practiced, they are used with a deal of liberality. and to assist the lecturer. Cleo gives lier hue, when she makes the discovery that Julian Van Ness is on the stage. And not only that, but the elever lecturer has bidden him to select some one whom he knows in the audience, and fix his mind upon him, and he (the thought reader) will conduct the young man to that person.

Julian meekly obeys this master mind. He leads poor Julian a merry dance for a time, but suddenly he starts off with a full purpose in his eyes, and in two seconds the young man is standing like a rose. There are a great many wise and knowing smiles exchanged when it is discovered where that very distinguished looking gentleman's thoughts

That distinguised looking gentleman pays not the slightest heed, how-In fact, he is happily unconever. scious that there has been quite a commotion caused among his party when he is seen leaning over a charming young lady's chair.

He bends down and greets them, and hen tells them in a low tone of voice that he had simply been obliged to come there with some friends, but that he would not be forced to leave with them, so, if agreeable to the sisters, he would be most happy to see them me to chronicle their reply, as there on the upper floor, while the other is

was but one answer possible bewildered the lecturer.

Cleo's face in the audience, and" with boyish frankness—"for the life of me I couldn't get my thoughts back on work as skillfully and as quickly as Charlie again. Humiliating, isn't it, their white sisters. The boxes are to have so little mind that there isn't packed one hundred in a case, and the to have so little mind that there isn't enough to man with a light laugh. enough to make it up?" He flushes,

The time is six weeks later. To the two sisters the long, hot sum-

mer days seemed to have fairly rushed away, so rapidly have they gone since y made the acquaintance of "fairy prince," as they have playfully christened Julian. And well does he deserve his name, for never did a queen on her throne receive more devoted attention than did these two unfortunate orphan sisters. There has been absolutely nothing left undone that he could compass for their benefit, or amusement, or pleasure. Baskets of choicest fruits and most lovely flowers, tickets for splendid concerts, invitations to delightful yachting excursions, all found their way to the young ladies' humble abode; and I may add, like wise the donor of these gifts also finds his way there with surprising fre-His visits are the most deightful events in their hard-working, dull lives, so no wonder they are hailed with such manifestations of

pleasure. In fact, he is due in this cool, moon-

os Mooi bib bar, ila di Juode Zaimralo | Cleo is to have a drive in the bark this glorious summer night; and contrary to all the annals of female history, she is quite ready, and is leaning yonder against the wide opened window await ing his arrival. As she so stands, with the enchanting moonlight falling athwart her, she resembles nothing so much as some snowy statue, for she is clad all in white.

Her gown is of the thinnest, fleeciest material, and shows the rounded beauty of her arms and shoulders to perfect tion. The becoming hat she wears and her long silk mitts she wears are white also. So charming is the picture that the blood-red hollyhocks out in the moonlight bend forward only to | ion and apparently as smooth as the look at her.

"He is here, Janie, so I'll run out to him. Good-by for a little while. I'll not be gone more than an hour," she ly out and is gone.

Well, Janie sits where Cleo leaves her, and looks out at the blood red hollyhocks, too, with a very happy and mysterious smile on her face. nods her pretty fair head at the flowers also, and whispers, "Yes, it is all arranged nicely. I'm sure.'

Cleo have returned. Janie is slightly astonished to see them back so soon. Julian strides into her presence. leading Cleo by the hand, and wearing a very happy and triumphant look in-

"My Lady Jane, I wish to inform you that I have done this young person the honor to propose for her hand. and she has condescended to accept me. I love her with all my heart, and

Janie puts up the slim hand.

'It is not necessary for you to mention the fact. I knew it a month ago." "You don't say so!" Julian claimed, with great force and brilliancy. Then, having recovered a little from his astonishment he begins again. "Well, Miss Minerva, what you don't know is that we are to be married in two month's time. I would not wait another day."

And Janie gets up and embraces them both, and kisses Julian warmly on both smooth dark cheeks.-Frank

GOT A TOOTHPICK?

Some Information About an Article of Eevry-Day Use.

The toothpick has won for itself position of honor in every household and hotel, a place in every man's vest pocket, a location in popular esteem. has become a factor in modern civilization, and often the manner in "Wait until I read this note," Cleo which it is used marks the gentleman or boor.

The toothpick is an instrument that finds itself in every man's mouth, to say nothing of the women and children. and the pick that our ancestors used your hearts and make you happy. Very sincerely, your old friend.

JULIAN VAN NESS. and the pick that our ancestors used had some of the elements of substantiality about it that is entirely lacking in "There now! Was every anything the popular pick of the present gener-

The toothpick of to-day is cheap and common and popular and within the reach of the humblest. It is found on every table, and it is used alike by the common day-laborers and the wellbred millionaires, by the sweet-lipped maiden of sweet 16 and the toiler in the public highway, by the mistress of the mansion and the scullion in her kitchen. The wooden toothpick is a popular institution that knows no class. no degree; that recognizes neither riches nor poverty, but is the friend of

The wooden toothpick is a little Twenty minutes later they find them-elves nicely seated in the brilliantly smaller in size than the ordinary mense. They loaded all the mules There is asplendid au- match, and tapering from the middle dience, and when the grave, dignified to pointed ends. They come in boxes lecturer appears he is greeted with a containing 1,500 picks each, and a box and one box will last an ordinary A committee has been selected to see family a great many days, even when

There are about a dozen toothpick a little start of surprise, and the pink factories in the country, says the in her eyes grows into a deeper, love-Grand Rapids Leader, and they have all grown up within the past few years. There is only one factory in Michigan, however, and that is located at Harbor Springs. This factory is not from outward appearances a very big establishment, being a two-story frame building about 40x80 feet in area. Here six or eight men are employed, including the engineer, and a dozen or fifteen girls, and the capacity of the institution s about 7,500,000 toothpicks, all completed and ready for immediate use, The picks are made of white birch, and the raw material is brought to the mill in the shape of large logs, fresh from the forest. The first operation toward converting the log into toothpicks is to saw it into twenty-eight inches in length. Then these boles are thoroughly steamed. and then are cut up into ribbons of veneer three inches wide, one-sixth of in inch thick, and five or six feet long. These ribbons, eight or ten of them at a time, are fed into the toothpick machine, and are there mutilated by an ingenious combination of knives, and the picks drop out the other end of the apparatus at the rate of 208 every second, or 12,500 a minute, or 7,500,000 in a day of ten hours. picks drop into one basket while the refuse tumbles into another, and when home. It is totally unnecessary for filled one is taken to the packing room dragged out to the engine-room, the On their way thither Julian amuses contents to be used to keep the boiler them immensely by relating how he fires burning. The picks that are taken up-stairs are distributed among "You see I had my mind fully fixed on Charlie Howard, but just at that critical moment I discovered Miss manipulated and boxed, 1,500 in a box. Among the girls are many Indians who cases are packed into big dry goods boxes, each containing 750,000 toothpicks to be shipped to all parts of the country from Maine to Texas, New York to California, and even to foreign lands. The toothpicks are sold at wholesale for \$1.90 a case of 100 boxes or 150,000 picks, and even at this figure, which has been reduced to the present price by competition, there is money in the business, although the retailers realize more in the way of

profits than the manufacturer. With toothpicks at 300 for a cent at retail they are within the reach of the slenderest pocket-book, and there is really very little necessity for using a fork to clean out the dental cavities. and it is no extravagance having once used a wooden pick to throw it away and take a fresh one next time.

If a Bar Harbor girl must go out canoeing she should employ a sailor and never trust her canoe to a heavy swell .- New Orleans Picayune.

Hired girl (to tramp)—"Go 'way; I won't give you nothin'." Tramp (from Boston)— "Particularly grammar. Good-by!"—Washington Critic.

AN ENCHANTED MINE.

Mountains of Gold Guarded by the Spirit of Massacred Miners.

About sixty miles from the Pacific

Coast, in the state of Sinaloa, is a

nountain known as "Cerro del Oro,"

grandeur from the midst of clustering tills, grand in themselves, but insiglificant in the presence of the silent, noody, rugged old king. To the easial observer there is nothing remarktble about this magnicent mountain vhose sides are covered with vegetarassy slopes of California, seen from he deck of a passing steamer. Its imnensity is not realized until the ascent says gently, bending down and kissing | s undertaken. Its sides, apparently her sister's cheek; then she steps light- o smooth, are found to be traversed by deep gorges and fissures, shaded by giant trees, whose interlacing ranches cast a sombre gloom over the intrance to the deep canyons. It is with hesitation akin to fear that one inters their cavernous depths. There t is that the people of the neighborng hamlets have taken refuge in the In less than an hour's time Julian lark days of revolution and invading vars, leaving their poor huts, and hudlling their children together to seek thelter from the rude storm of human passion, in the rugged bosom of the old mountain of mystery. Many a gray-headed man or woman can renember the time when with hurried itens and many backward glances they lought shelter in the deepest fastnesses is the only haven of safety. Forturate were they who had sufficient warning to gather up their few cows ind burros, the former furnishing milk and the latter loaded with corn and bedding from the home that would soon be destroyed by the relentless orch of the invader. Nothing but war in its cruelest form could induce a Mexican to leave his nome and seek shelter in the gloomy saves of old Cerro del Oro, for it is the abode of spirits and demons. No one cares to venture alone into its lepths. Many queer tales are told of

the strange sights seen by venturesome persons. That it is under a spell of enchantment is well-known by the old and firmly believed by the young. That extensive mining has been done in this mountain no one can doubt, as aumerous potios where ore was assorted, and ruins of arrastras where

the gold was extracted, prove that berond a doubt; and by digging into the piles of waste fine specimens of fine gold are obtained. But no trace of a mine can be found. Occasionally, in the neighboring villages, while excavating foundations for houses, bars of gold have been discovered and ornaments of gold, crudely hammered out, have been unearthed. But there are no gold mines known to exist within eagues of this mountain.

There is a strange tradition handed down that long ago this hill was a scene of active mining; that the mountain side, now so gloomy and silent, echoed the click of the hammer and the voice of the muleteer urging the natient animals as they toiled round the arrastra; and the singing of the happy miners rushing down the mountain side, their day's task done-thinking of the hot tortilias and frijoles waiting for them at their humble lit-

tle homes. But in an evil day all was changed. A band of robbers, lured by the glitter of the abundant gold, swept down the mountain side like a blast of fire, shot down the men like dogs, not leaving a soul alive to tell the tale. lately full of life, a scene of grim death and desolation. Then it was that the "Duendos" (fairies) of the mountain by enchantment closed up entrances of the mines, and it is

said that the spirits of the murdered miners still dwell in the mines. Once every year the portals of the mine are opened. On the eve of St. John toward evening an old man appears at the mouth of the tunnel, and later the mountainside is peopled as of old, the ghostly actors go through the work as in life, the men with their hammers, the muleteers at their rastras, all busily at work, but silent as the grave. A young man who was belated while looking for cattle came unexpectedly upon the scene. He was fixed without power of motion, and was forced against his will to see the ghostly crew at work over the glittergolden treasures. At 12 o'clock the chostly captain gave the signal and all hands quit work, and seizing their napkins, containing their midnight lunch, lit fires to heat their tortillas and coffee. The fire was an unearthly blue and burned with a flickering, uncertain light. The eyes of each and every one was lit up with an uncanny glow of phospherescent light. At a word they all resumed work, until the crowing of a cock, at a distant hamlet, all vanished and the unwilling spectator found himself again capable of motion: the gray morning he rushed frantically home, tearing his flesh and clothing in his mad rush through the thorny brush. Arriving home, he was met by a horrified look from his wife, who fell fainting to the ground, His hair had turned snow white, and while only 25 years old he appeared to be an old man of

Years after this some little girls were out gathering wild fruit. They came upon a level place free from bushes which they never remembered to have seen. Looking up they saw the entrance to a tunnel, and just inside was seated a venerable old man who was making motions for them to come closer, but they being frightened ran The next day a party of men home. visited the spot, but it was a tangled labyrinth of thorny brush interspersed with large trees.

The tradition further states that in only one way can the spell be broken That a person of perfectly pure heart must walk boldly up to the mouth of the mine and, boldly addressing this old man, must ask him who he is and what he wants. He will offer to give to the speaker the wealth of the moun tain only on the promise that one-tenth of the wealth taken from the mine devoted to masses for the souls of himself and his murdered companions. -Cor. Globe-Democrat.

The John Alden Game. For some time two colored swains

of Steubenville, O., courted the same

girl unknown to each other. They were intimate friends, and when one had made arrangements to marry the girl he asked the other to act as bes man, and sent him for the marriage license. The best man played the John Alden game to perfection, and took out the license for himself and married the girl while the other fellov was waiting for his return with the li

THE PEAK OF TENERIFFE. The First Ascent of "The Devil's Caldron" by Don Andres Bonito.

So long ago as 1402, in a navigation

treaty between England and France, reference is made to the piracies of a certain Norman, Bethencourt, or Hill of Gold. It rises in majestic original conquerer of some of Canaries and to Teneriffe as the "Ile d' Enfer." And certainly, if in the middle ages the cone rising from the sea more than twelve thousand feet was (as it is said to have been) in a state of constant eruption, the sight of it, visible according to Humboldt for a circuit of 260 leagues, must have been ancommonly impressive to generations of men prone to see a diabolical agency in all uncomfortable phenomena of nature. Hence, too, the Spanish peasants called it "the devil's caldron, n which all the food of hell is cooked. Considering this ugly reputation of the peak, it may well be worth the historians while to record the first ascent of it by a governor general of the slands. The feat, which none of his predecessors had ever dared to attempt, vas successfully achieved by Don Andres Bonito on Aug. 21, 1743, says a writer in the Cornhill Magazine. One ean hardly doubt that his adventurous excellency was thankful to find himself safe back in his palace, and amazed, on reflection that he had met with so few perils and horrors in the elimb. Perhaps the first detailed account of an ascent is that by Sprat, bishop of Rochester, in the infantile days of the Royal society. It narrates the trials of certain English merchants These gentlemen were probably the local agents for the sale in England of the Canary wine, which still kept its fame. But their loyalty was soon to be shrewishly acknowledged by the marriage of Charles II. with a Portuguese princess, and the subsequent patronage of Portuguese, and, notably, Maderia wines, to the detriment of the Canaries. They got to the top, having felt many proten-tous tremblings of the earth on the way. But when they came to open the luncheon basket they found the wine so congealed that they could not drink it before warming it, the brandy with hardly any strength left in it, and the wind so vigorous that they could scarcely drink the health of the king of England or fire a volley is honor of his majesty. These good royalists were, no doubt, made much of when they safely returned to lowlands. But et the truth be told. Of all the mountains on the globe, there can be few of the same height as the peak to compare with it for the ease with which t may be ascended. Though its final ,500 feet are steep, with an inclination of from 35 degrees to 42 degrees, the average slope is not more than 12.30 degrees. From first to last life is never endangered. It is not necessary o pass a night on it. By leaving Orotava in the evening, and traveling through the darkness by the aid of the moon or torches, it is possible to be on Teide by sunrise. Nor is the night that is conventionally spent between the big boulders known as the English halting-place (Eslancia de los Iugleses) by any means so arduous an experience as one expects to find it. A camp in the open air at an elevation of 10,000 feet ought to be trying; and that is all that it is. But when the deed is done, and duly subjected to quiet analysis in etrospect, one is forced to admit that the toil is very trivial, and amply requited by the scenic and other rewards attendant upon it.

A man living in the shade of the Catskill Mountains has entered upon a new brauch of business. He heard that well water could be purified with half into his well and felt blissful and happy. It turned out that, because of the dryness of the season, there was only three feet of water in the \$2.00 and \$3.00 perday vell, and ever since his experiment he has been selling a good article of whitewash to his neighbors at two buckets for a cent, and walking a mile and half to the creek for drinking Your patronage is respectfully solicited. water for his family.

A New York street merchant's sign reads "Lemenaid."

Irrigation has produced a great crop of mosquitoes at Los Angeles, Cal.

Eye-Mindedness and Ear-Minded-

It goes without saying that every

one will probably have a hint (though often only a slight one) as to the sensory bent of his apperceptive processes, especially any one engaged in mental labor. If he is a "visionaire" he will have noted how much better he remembers what he reads than what he hears; that he often remembers the position of a word on a page; will, perhaps, have a good memory for forms and faces; will find that he can easily read while talking is going on; that he readily gets absorbed when his eye is occupied; and so on in a hundred ways. The "auditaire" will note that a lecture impresses him more deeply than a review article; that he imagines the sounds of the words as he reads or writes (and is usually thus a slow reader); that he repeats aloud what he has written, to judge of its effect-he wants to know how sounds" even when it is only to be read; he observes harsh sound-combinations in style (the "visionaire" observes misprints); talking easily disturbs him when reading or writing;his attention being involuntarily drawn to the conversation; he may have a good memory for tunes, and so on. who approach the motor or the indifferent type will have greater difficulty in discerning this by hap-hazard observation. The above are, of course, only general descriptions; they will be variously modified in individual cases, but will retain a typical appearance throughout. Enough has been said to indicate the diversity of various minds in these respects, and the importance of recognizing and studying these distinctions, alike for their educational ntilization and as a contribution to a scientific psychology.—Prof. Joseph Jastrow, in the Popular Science Monthly



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Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, on being asked when the training of a child should begin, replied, "A hundred years before it is born."

Are we to infer from this that this generation is responsible for the condition of the race a hundred years from now?

Is this wonderful generation the natural result of the proper diet and medicines of a hundred years ago? It is conceded in other lands that most of the wonderful discoveries of the world in this century have come from this country. Our ancestors were reared in log cabins, and suffered

hardships and trials. But they lived and enjoyed health to a ripe old age. The women of those days would endure hardships without apparent fatigue that would startle those of the present age.

Why was it? One of the proprietors of the popular remedy known as Warner's safe cure, has been faithfully investigating the cause, and has called to his aid scientists as well as medical men, impressing upon them the fact that there cannot be an effect without a cause. This investigation disclosed the fact that in the olden times, simple remedies were administered, compounded of herbs and roots, which were gathered and stored in the lofts of the log cabins, and when sickness came on these remedies from nature's laboratory were used with the best ef-

What were these remedies? What were they used for? After untiring and diligent search they have obtained the formulas so generally used for various disorders.

Now the question is how will the olden time preparations affect the people of this age, who have been treated under modern medical schools and codes, with poisonous and injurious drugs. This test has been carefully pursued, until they are convinced that the preparations they now call Warner's Log Cabin remedies are what our much abused systems require.

Among them is known as Warner's Log Cabin sarsaparilla, and they frankly announce that they do not consider the sarsaparilla of so much value in itself as it is in the combination of the various ingredients which together work marvelously upon the system. They also have preparations for other diseases such as Warner's Log Cabin cough and consumption remedy," "Log Cabin hops and buchu remedy," "Warner's Log Cabin hair tonic." They have great confidence that they have a cure for the common disease of catarrh, which they give the name of "Log Cabin rose cream." Also a "Log Cabin plaster," which they are confident will supplant all others, and a liver pill, to be used other remedies.

We hope that the public will not be disappointed in these remedies, but will reap a benefit from the investigations, and that the proprietors will not be embarrased in their introduction by dealers trying to substitute remedies that have been so familiar to the remedies will be used instead of others. Insist upon your druggist getthese new remedies will receive approbation at our reader's hands, as the founders have used every care in their preparation.

A. A. Stagg, the famous baseball player of Yale, will have general charge of the Yale Y. M. C. A. this year.

Significance of the Last Anniversary of Gettysburg.

No incident in a history so full of striking incidents as ours is more suggestive than that of the late perfectly cor-dial reunion of the hostile leaders upon the field of Gettysburg. It was the fulfillment of Lincoln's prophecy, and the augury of a Union such as the fathers hoped for, but which the children never saw, and could not see, until now. The little town was overflowed with an enormous temporary increase of its population. But there was no disturbance. Everybody seemed to keep peace, and to be animated by the same generous spirit of good-will. There was a constant stream of pilgrims along the whole line of the Union army, and a host of old soldiers recalled at every point the adventures of the terrible and famous day.

None of these were pleasanter to hear than those which showed the friendly, human feeling and sympathy which the arder of battle could not extinguish. On the first day, as General Barlow lay wounded and apparently bleeding to death upon the field, the battle raged over his prostrate and helpless body. As the Union line fell back toward the town, the Confederate line advanced and presently passed him, and as a young Confederate lieutenant came to the spot where Barlow lay he saw that his head was most uncomfortably placed, and as he swept forward with his men he parently dying man's head as a pillow. The story of the battle is full of such incidents. The eagerness with which they are seized and cherised in memory illustrates the humanity which is outraged by war in every form, and which stimulates the hope that the progress of the race may yet abolish the last "dread ordeal" of decision between conflicting opinions. This was the dream even of the heroic soldier Sheridan. - George William Curtis, in Harper's Magazine.

A Tender Comparison.

A cook at a cheap boarding-house in New York played a little game on a grumbling boarder, a newspaper humorist, by serving him with a piece of sole leather instead of beefsteak, "You have changed your buthcher, Mrs. Hasche?" said the boarder, looking up at the landlady, after sawing two or three minutes on the leather. "Same butcher as usual," replied the boarding mistress, with a patronizing smile.

"O, nothing much," said the humorist, trying to make an impression on the steak with his knife and fork; "only this piece of meat is the tenderest I struck in this house for some weeks."-Norristown Herald.

In Norway a bucket of water is set down by horses with their allowance of mouthful of the other alternately. A square blocks that run diagonally broken-winded horse is rarely ever across the square. seen in that country.

OPIUM SMUGGLERS.

In Establishing E.R. Gardner's Identity Another Swindler is Caught.

Government Takes Charlie Maines in Custody and Holds Him for Trial.

The Gardner opium smuggling case has again developed a sensational feature by the scovery that the letters addressed to "Dear Haines, "found in Gardner's possession, were not addressed to Gardner under an alias. The supposition has been all along that the indicted under the name "E. A. Gardner, likes it. alias Haines." The Washington officials were not quite satisfied that this was the case, and Inspector Crowley was sent to Scattle, W. T., to look up any record a man by the name of Haines may have made there. The Inspector not only found that Haines was not an alias of Gardner but the man himself was found. He is well known in Chicago. He made a record here in 1873 as Justice of the Peace which is yet green in the memory of Chicagoans. Charles Haines is a son of Elijah M. Haines, an ex-member of the Illinois Legislature. An uncle was J. C. Haines, ex-Mayor Chicago and ex-President of the Fidelity Savings Bank. Through the influence of his relatives Haines was made Justice of the Peace in Chicago. It was said by some persons that he made a fabulous sum out of the office in less than two years. Unfortunate speculation landed him in financial straits and e was forced to flee the country owing to the handling of the Schulenberg estate. Haines was graduated from Lake Forest Academy in hearing. A man has got to sharpen up h s was graduated from Lake Forest Academy in 1866 and from Williams College in 1879. He was cutting quite a figure in politics in Seattle, was the Colonel of a local regiment, a member of a leading law firm, and was prominent in society, his large circle of friends being surprised at the recent event. Haines was arrested at Seattle and held in

\$10,000 bonds for appearance in Buffalo, N. Y., at Gardner's trial on the charge of opium

HORSES DO FEARFUL INJURY.

Spectators of a Charlot Race Run Over and Many Badly Hurt.

At the Fair Grounds at Kutztown, Pa. Friday, the Roman chariot races had just begun, and two chariots, each drawn by four horses hitched abreast had made one circuit of the race course when one of the teams became unmanageable and dashed into the crowd of spectators. David Swan, aged 70 years, was fatally hurt. His grandson, Walter Treichler, was with him and was wedged under the wheels of the chariot, His injuries are severe. Miss Annie Fegely was hurt about the head and neck, the wheels having passed over her head, and her condition is critical. Miss Mary Barto was trampled by the horses and the wheels of the chariot passed over her body. Her injuries ure principally internal. A young man named Ettinger had his hips and spine injured, and nearly all his clothes were torn from his per-W. R. Bast, a telegrapher, was knocked down by the horses and cut about the face. A number of children, whose names could not be learned, were run over and sustained bruises and contusions. The horses came from Buffalo, N. Y., and were announced on the bills as untamed mustangs.

The race track is only one-third of a mile in extent, and the chariots driven side by side could not get around the sharp curves separately or in connection with the without going off at a tangent and the horses get beyond the control of the drivers.

THREE PERSONS POISONED.

They Mistake Embalming for Beer at an Irish Wake.

Three persons were poisoned by drinking embalming fluid which was mistaken for beer at an Irish wake in Racine, Wis., Friday night. shelves of our druggists. This line of One may die, while the other two, through prompt medical attendance, may recover. George Vinen died yester lay at his home in the ting them for you if he hasn't them Fourth Ward and, according to the Irish cusyet in stock, and we feel confident that tom, a number of friends gathered at the house in the evening to wake the dead. It seems that when the undertaker had completed his work of embalming the dead he earelessly left a quantity of the fluid used in the process in a colored glass on the table. When refreshments were served about midnight to those remaining the person who poured out the beer supposed the colored as had been set out for the use of the guests and filled it. James Payton, Mrs. Vinen, a member of the family, James Callahan all drank from the same glass. Mr. Payt n tok three swallows of the m'x'ure. While Mrs. Vinen and Mr. Callahan imb b d but a small quantity of the liquid. Short'y a terwards all three were taken violently ill and when ne cause was discovered a physicion was hastily summone! Payton is in a critical condition and will probably die. Mrs. Viven suffered a great deal from the effects of the poison, but is now out of danger. Callahan is also recovering.

OVER 100 PEOPLE HURT.

Terrible Accident at a Corner-Stone Laying in Reading, Pa.

The corner-stone of the Polish Catholic Church in Reading, Pa., was laid Saturday afternoon, and during the ceremony the floor, on which fully two thousand men, women and children were standing, gave way, precipitating several hundred persons to the basement, a distance of fifteen feet. Over one hundred men and women were thrown in a heap and all were more or less injured, some seriously and others fatally. The wildest excitement, approaching a panic, followed, and cool heads went to the rescue of the unfortunate and the injured were taken into neighboring dwelling and physicians hastily summoned. Later the wounded were removed to their homes or to the various hospi-

The Lancaster people who were unable to his house. return home were taken to St. Joseph's The accident was caused by the walls, which were completed Saturday, spreading. The Rev. Father Lebicki had stooped, and picking up a knapsack, just begun his sermon when the collapse placed it under the wounded and apon the main floor, but fortunately only one of the members, Mr. Eck of the Ringgold band of this city, was injured, although many instruments were crushed. Up to midnight no deaths had occurred, but six or seven of the victims were said to be in a

DUN'S TRADE REVIEW.

The Great Wheat Speculation the Absorbing Feature-Its Effect.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of the trade says: "The great wheat speculation has been the absorbing feature this week, for though the September corner came to an end with heavy losses for sellers it left the market in such a state that much higher prices for other options were easily obtained. With December wheat at \$1.18 at Chicago, there came heavy selling and sharp reactions. But the state of the market is still against all reason; cash wheat sells for more at Chicago than at Liverpool, and at one time it would have paid to ship wheat back from Antwern to New York. At New York sales of wheat amounted to 108,463,000 bushels, more than three times the entire visible supply, and prices closed 85% cents higher than a week go. Corn advanced 2 cents, with sales of 13,000,000 bushels, and oats a fraction. The speculative fever was felt in other markets, and pork rose \$1 a barrel, lard 35 cents, and hogs 25 cents per 100 pounds. Coffee rose 1 eent, with sales of 516,500 bags, and oil nearly 1 cent, with sales of 6,738,000 barrels.

The prettiest bandanas are of bloodhay, and they take a sip of one and a red China silk, dotted with white, in

HERE AND THERE

Ine school for scandal has many pupils. Caress is the new rival town to Kissimmee.

A railway ticket man is the modern road agent. "The whisky trust"-getting a drink put on

the slate. There are not more than 150,000 Quakers

in America. It is said that there are 12,000 Smiths in Philadelphia.

This is the Yankee Doodle country, but Canada is the Yankee Boodle country.

A lover differs from a photographer. The name Ha nes was an alias, and Gardner was | more negatives the latter gets the better he

States and a million dollars a day is spent

for amusements. year for bustles.

Small bronzes and large marble statues continue to be found in Athens during exca- amount of work. vations on the Acropolis.

According to a Boston statistican "the cost of the fences in the United States is daily. more than the national debt."

timated to be worth \$193,000,000.

sleep. That's what troubles him. It is said that the telephone sharpens the burn their candle at both ends, then hearing. A man has got to sharpen up hs wonder why it burns out so quickly.

Edison's electric locomotives are attracting

comments are being made. A type-writing girl worked off 476 words in purity. five minutes without a single mistake. It is more creditable to her than if she could play

the most difficult sonata on the piano. At Bergen, Norway, a church edifice is being constructed of paper, in papier-mache form. It is intended to accommodate one thousand persons and will be a handsome structure when completed.

Two thousand Scotch crofters have commenced the extermination of the deer on the Isle of Lowes. They claim to be starving while the ground, on which they could procure a living, is given up to the deer.

The cultivation of the cinchona tree from which quinine is made is being extensively bark is produced is taken every six or seven years, the new growth starting from the

Not long since a new petroleum spring burst forth in the region of Baker, Russia, rising in the air to the height of 450 feet and flooding the country round about. People were deterred from lighting fires by fears of burning up the town.

Among the new companies lately formed in London is one entitled the American Dental Institue. Capital, £1,000, in shares of £1 each. Object, to promote the adoption of advanced American and other scientific methods of dental surgery. Last year's output of books fell short of

annals of literature. The number for 1886 out which wealth makes one simply a was 4,676: for 1887, 4,437, of which 1,022 were works of fiction, 487 juvsnile books, 433 on law, and 358 on theology. Newfoundland has taken to agriculture.

It has produced this year hay and potatoes to the value of \$888,000, and butter to the value of \$60,000. The fishing industry is very precarious, and the resort to agriculture seems to be the only hope for the colony.

King Ja-Ja, of Opobo, the deposed West African sovereign whom England exiled to the West Indies, is being somewhat feted at at St. Vincent. He is invited to lawn tennis parties and various social functions, where he struts about in an admiral's uniform and kid gloves, bearing himself with kingly dign-

Captain George Murphy, of Philadelphia, possesses, among other valuable relics, the barrel of John Brown's rifle. It is an octagonal smooth-bore Springfield, weighing about ment. Near the butt is a little silver plate set in the steel, bearing the name of John Brown.

The richest man in Iowa is said to be Edwin Manning, who lives in the town of Keoasauqua, ner Keokuk. He has many millions, and his interests include all sorts of enterprises between the two great rivers and pioneer settler in the state and has made every cent he has.

Walt Whitman calls his present ailment war paralysis. He says: "It came immediately after the war. I was filled with emotion, with exictement, hope and energy then. thought all America was going to the bad. It has visited me six or seven times since, leaving me each time a little weaker and shakier. This time has been a pretty bad one -as bad as any of them. And then old age and-and infirmities all make me a little weaker. I have been a prisoner in this room for six weeks, but we think we are going to

make a little rally." The Earl of Buckinghamshire, who, by the way, must not be confounded with the Duke of Buckingham, was a \$15-a-month farm la-He was then Lord Hobart, and so absolutely impecunious that he preferred to sink his rank and seek his living in this country to live in genteel poverty in his own. He is a lineal decendant of the English patriot John Hampden, and on succeeding to the title advertised the the family estate for sale. His recent marriage, however, with a very wealthy girl has completely restored the fortunes of

It has been proposed to do away with the use of explosives in mines where their use is attended with danger, and substitute the lately invented cartridge, one portion of which is filled with a mixture of finely-dithe condenser of the zinc retort, while the other part is filled with diluted sulphuric acid, According to the requirements in this case the cartridge is put in its intended place and then, by suitable mechanism, the acid is al lowed to flow into the zinc. Hydrogen is then envolved, and by its expensive force the rock is broken down without combustion or

Says a newspaper correspondent at Sarato-"While sitting in the new Patterson spring pavilion this morning I was surprised to see Jay Gould and his physician, Dr. Munn, enter and take seats at one of the little tables. They were served with water, I had a best remedy. good look at the great millionaier, who goes about the world with railroad and telegraph lines in his pocket. Save a careworn expression, I could not set that he looked perceptibly different from what I had seen him in seasons past on the United States piazza. He was very plainly dressed in a blue suit and leaden colored plug hat and wore a sort of calico nectie, considerably soiled at that,"

H. H. Armstead, the celebrated English sculptor, is at work on the Dinah Molock Craik memorial for Tewkesbury Abbey. Excellent progress is being made with the fund for the memorial, and the list of American contributors is a long one, including Mayor Hewitt, Secretary Bayard, Colonel John Hay, Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, W. D. Howells, Edmund Clarence Stedman, Charles Dudley Warner, B shop Potter, Rev. Drs. Morgan Dix, Phillips Brooks, W. R. Huntington, R. S. Storrs and W. M. Taylor; Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Miss Mary L. Booth, Mrs. James T. Field, Seth Low, W. Hamiltion Gibson, G. W. Childs and many others eminent in literature and public affairs.

Brawn and Brain! The powerful engine, with its wonderful propelling power, coupled to the long train full freighted with the richest fabrics of the intellectual looms of the centuries—what obstacles can stay the progress of this mighty force, when once under full steam along

life's highway? The American with brawn and brain does not see the necessity for titles of the stars.

man is badly handicapped in the mad same. There are 4,000 theaters in the United race for success which is the marked characteristic of the present age.

A Buffalo statistican has figured out that piece of machinery. It ought to be after the interests of the inmates of the women of this country pay \$8,000,000 per kept well-regulated, so that it will work harmoniously in all its parts, then it is capable of an immense

It is said that a watch, if expected

to keep perfect time, must be wound daily. It will not keep good time un-less it "runs regular." More men There are about 2,000,000 hog raisers in the break down because they don't "run old is country and the 46,000,000 hogs raised are es- regular" than for any other reason.

The main thing in keeping the human machine in good working order is to keep the regulator all right. "The great attention in England. Six of them have blood is the life," and sound health is been running on a short line, and favorable assured so long as the blood flows

that the high death rate is due. Men

Regulate the regulator with Warner's Log Cabin Sarsparilla, the oldfashioned blood purifier, prepared after the best formula in use by our ancestors in good old Log Cabin days, and with the vigor of brawn and brain which must ensue, in your life's lexicon you will find no such words as fail.

It was the significant criticism of the late Matthew Arnold that Americans were not interesting. They lacked the restfulness, the refined touch, the carried on in India. Wood from which the graceful life of those who have gained their ends and can afford to be sereng The higher education of woman is to hasten the day when at least the wives of Americans must be interesting as women, and when their calmness and "sweet reasonableness" must be felt not only in the atmosphere of home but in the free relations of society. It is here that educated women are to introduce an intelligent refinement which will greatly influence the next generation of Americans. We have wealth today without culture; in the next decade there will be not less wealth, but the women first and the men next will have the culture withglittering barbarian. It is the general diffusion of this intellectual and social training which is of most value. Women have supremacy in the home and men in the saloon, and a woman who can gather in the people who are best worth knowing and can be a leader among them has in her hands largely the shaping of the society of the com- chemists say it is harmless; same as food, munity in which she lives. The future and recovers the effects of dissipation and queens of society are to be educated women, and the finest women who go out of our different institutions of learning are in many cases to be these queens. There has been a lack of this sort of women, and persons of a lower type, persons remarkable more for grace of person than for grace of spirit, have oc no one can meet the girl graduates of today and trace their incipient careers without seeing that they are destined to have a great influence in guiding and developing American life. This is to be an influence on the side of conservatism, the side of self-restraint, the side of peaceful and reasonable life, the side which the temper of the times has caused men least to cultithe Missouri and Minnesota lines. He was a vate. The practical side of female education has been greatly dwelt upon as if a price could be put upon it, but its unpriced enrichment of life in the diffusion of a better spirit and the manifestation of a higher ideal is more important than its greatest uses in the sphere of practical returns.

New York Times. Alone on a Battlefield. It was an ugly give and take. We could not see the enemy, but the whizz and ting of bullets proved that they

were not far away. As the excitement increased one of my men in his haste fired off his ramrod, and held up his musket that I borer in this country some seven years ago. might see what he had done. Without thinking I started to the rear, where, a short distance away, lay a

musket. No sooner had I left touching distance of my company than an irresistible sense of loneliness and dread seized me. Every step made the sensation more acute. Soon I was practically panic-stricken. Somehow, however, I got the ramrod of the useless musket and went back to the line

on the run. With the return came assurance and courage. I never felt more alone vided zinc and zinc oxide, which collects in or helpless than in those few moments of isolation. The air seemed full of hissing, shrieking demons. I was sure that each next moment would bring death.—Youth's Companion.

> Be discreet in all things and so ren der it unnecessary to be mysterious about any. There is nothing mysterious about the action of Warner's Log Cabin Hops and Buchu Remedy. It puts the stomach in healthy action. Good digestion and health naturally follow. Be discreet and use this, the

Lord Albermarle, the Waterloo veteran, is a small, spare man, with bright eyes. He wears a black velvet skull cap. He is now eighty-nine years old, and is the sole survivor of the eighty four officers who sat down to the Duke of Wellington's last Waterloo dinner. He gives a reception every year on the anniversary of that "world's earthquake."

Every day is a little life and our whole life is but a day repeated. 'Tis not best to suffer pain for even one little day, when one application of Warner's Log Cabin Extract will drive it quick away. Nothing better for

A perfect representation of a but ternut in bright silver makes a pretty bon bonniere. The interior is either gilded or in satin silver finish.

Henry James has written a novel which will appear in the Atlantic during the coming year. It will begin in the January number.

Young wives who have old husbands will eglas to know that a New York phosician ders to due scoring for tendo.Lirs; but Dr. Bul's Cough Syrup will cure sore throats For neuralgia, rheumatism, cout, burns, wourds, etc., use Salvation Oil. Prize 25 cents a Lotte.

The latest mantels sent over from nobility, does not care for elevation by Paris are round capes of black net descent, he can reach out and pluck completely covered with ruffles of black lace. Three wide ones or many But with brawn or brain impaired, a narrow ones may be used for the

The W. R. C. of Indiana has a vis-The physical is a most intricate iting committee, whose duty is to look the Soldiers and Sailors' Orphan Home.



health y generation and the remedies used were simple preparations reproduced in Jay Gou'd says his insomnia wouldn't men are killed by hard work. It is to sumption Remedy and Warner's "Tipbother him if he could get a good night's the irregularities of modern social life pecanoe" the great stomach tonic.

The book "Robert Elsmere" is excluded from the library of Ipswich, Eng., on the ground it is a dangerous work.

Have you a few hours or a few days' spare time occasionally that you would like to turn into money! If so, then write quickly to B. F. Johnson & Co, of Richmond, Va., and they will give you information that will through the veins a limpid stream of prove to be money in your pocket.

News comes from the South Seas to the effect that Robert Louis Stevenson is in much better health than when he left this country.

Children Starving to Death

On account of their inability to digest food, will Scott's Emulsion of Pure Ced Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Cohen, of Waco, Texas, says: I have used your Emulsion in Infantile wasting with good results. It not only restores wasted issues, but gives strength and increases the ap petite. I am glad to use such a reliable article.'

Every seventh year a Harvard professor gets a va ation, with pay. Prof. Palmer, d'stinguished a philosophy, enjoys the release hit year, and will go abroad.

Regulate the Regulator With Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, manufactured by proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure. Largest bottle in the market. Sold by all druggists.

The New York World's yellow fever re-lief fund received \$52 from Fort Assiniboine

The farmers, in their swamps, we re sure, Could find the roots and plants that cure; Ifby their knowledge they only knew For just the disease each one grew. Take courage now, and "wamp-Root" try-

(for kidney, liver and bladder complaints), As on this remedy you can rely. Ths Rev. Dr. Leonard, of Washington, has ed to become Assistant Bishop of West-

It is said that the dealers in Chicago admit that more Moxie is drank there than liquors. Moxie is what is claimed for it, a support for the everworked and nerve weary, as well as being a fine beverage. The doctors and

Brainard G. Smith, of New York, is the newspaper man who is to try the experiment of teaching journalism at Cornell University. Firs.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Neive Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Mar-velous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial toottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. George Bancroft celebrated his eighty-eighth rthday anniversary. He is still at his New-

Weak will power, from physical causes deranges a man's life in overy direction. Everyone will strengthen his will powers as well as his bodily powers, by using Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. It is guaranteed the best. Sold by your druggists for \$1. Contains 120 doses. Take no other

Boston will borrow \$700,000 to build its new court house.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

A crematory has been established in New-ark, N. J.

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Strains, Lameness, Stiffness, Cracked
Heels, Scratches, Contractions, Flesh
Wounds, Stringhalt, Sore Throat,
Distemper, Colic, Whitlow, Poll
Evil, Fistula, Tumors, Splints, Ringbones and Spavin in its early stages.
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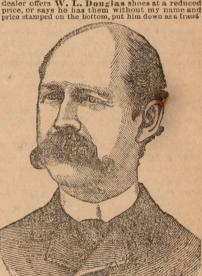
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which will be mailed FREE to all who want it. If you are, or know of any one who is, afflicted with, or liable to any of these diseases, send name and address (plainly written) to Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON.

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The Ppsilantian.

THURSDAY, OCT. 11, 1888.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS. National.

BENJAMIN HARRISON, For Vice President, LEVI P. MORTON. of New York.

For Electors of President and Vice President: At Large—RUSSELL A. ALGER, of Wayne; ISAAC CAPPON, of Kent. District I-EDWARD BURK, of Wayne.

II-JUNIUS E. BEAL, of Washtenaw. III-RICHMOND KINGMAN, of Kalamazoo IV-Joseph W. French, of St. Joseph.

V-Don J. LEATHERS, of Kent. VI-JAMES M. TURNER, of Ingham VII-JOHN S. THOMSON of Sanilac

VIII-ELLIOTT F. GRABILL, of Montcaln IX-WELLINGTON W. CUMMER, of Wexford X-HARRY P. MERRILL, of Bay. XI-PERRY HANNAH, of Grand Traverse.

For Governor, CYRUS G. LUCE, of Branch. For Lieutenant Governor, JAMES H. MACDONALD, of Delta. For Secretary of State. GILBERT R. OSMUN, of Wayne For State Treasurer, GEORGE L. MALTZ, of Alpena. HENRY H. APLIN, of Bay For Commissioner of the Land Office, ROSCOE D. DIX, of Berrien.

STEPHEN V. R. TROWBRIDGE, of Ionia. For Superintendent of Public Instruction, JOSEPH ESTABROOK, of Eaton. For Member of the State Board of Education, PERRY F. POWERS, of Wexford.

For Representative in Congress, 2d District, EDWARD P. ALLEN, of Washtenaw. For Representative, 1st Washtenaw District, ANDREW J. SAWYER, of Ann Arbor. For Representative, 2d Washtenaw District. JABEZ B. WORTLEY, of Ypsilanti.

> GEORGE. S. WHEELER, of Salem. For County Clerk, MORTON. F. CASE, of Pittsfield. For County Treasurer,
> WILLIAM R. TUOMEY, of Scio. For Register of Deeds,
> ALBERT GARDNER, of Ann Arbor.

For Sheriff,
JACOB H. MARTIN, of Ypsilanti. For Prosecuting Attorney,
JOHN F. LAWRENCE, of Ann Arbor. For Circuit Court Commissioners, FLORENCE C. MORIARTY, of Ypsilanti; CHARLES H. KLINE, of Ann Arbor.

DR. WILLIAM H. BREAKEY, of Ann Arbor; DR. FRANK K. OWEN, of Ypsilanti. For Surveyor,
JOHN. K. YOCUM, of Sylvan.

and the sheriff. We denomonous the Mills bill as destructive to the general business, the labor and the farming interests of the country, and we controlling the Senate ton. The republican party to the republican Representatives in Congress in opposing its passage.

We condemn the proposition of the democratic party to place wool on the free list, and we insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue by repealing the taxes upon tobacco, which are an annoyance and burden to agriculture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purture, and resisting in both the countraling the solution of which five system at the justice of which are republican purture, and resisting in both and resisting

Duties upon importaDuties upon importations should be adjusted to promote the interests of American labor.

All custom house tax ation shall be for revenue only.

Prohibition Platform, 1888. The Predibition party in national convention assembled, acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all government, does hereby declare:

4 For the immediate abolition of the internal revenue system, whereby our national government is deriving support from our greatest national vice,

Yes, keep it before the people, that the issue to be decided in November is whether our own workmen should do the work to supply the country's needs or whether foreign goods made on pauper wages shall supply those needs.

Yes, keep it before the people, that the coming election is labor's opportunity to say whether it will sell it's birthright and its mess of pottage, for the promise of a "cheap" hat. Better than all labor strikes in the interest of better pay, is a solid vote to shut out the paupers from our workshops and their products from our

Better by far for American labor to open the gates to the paupers themselves, than to admit the products of their labor to our markets. Protection to home industries, is the true battle cry for American labor in the alignment of forces in this labor guard against the invasion of labor's rights.

SOME COMPARISONS.

come. It consists of thirteen members, of all other expenses. Examining these fig- ive he is likely to recognize. The innothe men who formulated the Mills bill, for the republican members of the committee, in violation of all parliamentary rule and precedent, were excluded from the committee room during the weeks of This shows that while wages have gone existing value—in which every dollar its incubation. Mr. Guenther, speaking up, the margin of profits has fallen to gained to one person is a dollar lost to of the unsuitableness of committing such | about one third. an important work as the preparation of that peculiarly business measure to such with all our improved machinery and not consent to receive such gains. a sectional committee of lawyers, spoke of trained skill, the product is so much less the interests that they represent, and said | per hand, but it must be remembered that he presumed they might not represent in in 1850, 14 hours oftener constituted the the aggregate so much manufacturing industry as one of our northern districts contained. That is the point we investigated, obtaining from the census report the facts for making the comparisons below. They show the number, value and product of other branch of manufacture though not the manufacturing establishments of each to the same extent. It is interesting to of these districts, number of hands and compare the wages of those engaged in amount of wages, material consumed. average wages per year for each person employed, and the average earnings of margin of profit has suffered more than each, found by deducting the value of any other factor in the product. Labor, material from the product and dividing by on the contrary, has rather profited than the number of employes. To this we add otherwise, getting more now than in 1850. from another volume of the census the average per acre of the total value of farm from a careful study of this table and products sold and consumed, in each district, employing in the calculation only the

669 669 669 533 536 476 900 \$8.50 \$8.50 \$.28 2.95 2.95 2.71 2.71

for comparison. The average wage column shows striking difference between the southern and the Michigan districts. The average is for men, women and children; Mr. Stearns in his speeces endorsing and hands working fractional parts of a protection theoretically and attacking it year as well as those working full time, and therefore the average seems low. The the system who call themselves "revenue Kentucky district, which so surpasses the reformers," and affect resentment at the others, is the great whisky district, and embraces Bourbon county. Leaving out the whisky manufacture reduces its showthe Georgia district has 4 employes, receiving, all together, \$523 in a year, and earning \$1,614; and that county had an average value of farm production of 581/3 cents

per acre for the land in farms. bill which should vitally affect the great industries of the North, the representatives of such districts must be, our readers may judge. Those are the agents that the bill. He was inconsistent enough, to be democrat party has furnished.

DISTRIBUTION OF VALUES.

The table we give below has been prepared with some care from the census reports of the years named. It is a history of our industrial interests condensed. The second column gives the value of the average product per hand engaged in the industries considered; the third the proportion of every hundred dollars' worth of goods manufactured which goes to wages; the fourth, the part of every hundred dollars' worth which goes to material; the fifth, to interest on the capital invested, and the sixth, to undivided profits.

WOOD MANUFACTURES.										
Census of	Product per Hand.	Wages per Cent.	Material per Cent.	Interest per Cent.	Profit undivided per Cent.					
1850 1860 1870 1880	\$1,042 1,273 1,549 1,522	28 25 23 20.50	43 44 48 56.20	3.60 4.50 4.40 4.50	24.60 26.50 24.60 18.20					
COTTON MANUFACTURES.										
1850 1860 1870 1880	\$ 710 947 1,311 1,137		49 63 54	6 5.50 8	24.50 9.50 16.50					
			ETALS.							
1850 1860 1870 1880	\$3.753 3,451 2,715 2,023	9.80 19	52 54.50 64.50 63.50	3.60	38.50 33.50 12.90 11.70					
GLASSWARE.										
1850 1860 1870 1880	\$ 821 973 1,215 882	40 33.33 41 43	36 33 32 38	5.10 4.90 7.30 6.30	18.90 28.20 19.70 12.70					
WOOLEN GOODS.										
1850	\$1,266 1,356	16.50	57.80	3.70	22					

1,654 17.80 61.50 4 If we take the metals, we can see that campaign. Harrison and Morton stand the product in 1850, per hand, was \$3.753, and labor received \$8, on every hundred, \$300,24 in all, while the undivided profits were \$38.50 on every hundred dollars, or Mr. Guenther suggested a point in his \$1444.90. Taking 1880, the product per speech here which we have taken pains to hand, was \$2,023; the wages, \$20 on a hun- est people because of the losses of the follow up for the purpose of showing the dred or \$404.60, while the undivided pro- wheat gamblers. We may have sympathy exact facts. He spoke of the Ways and fits were only \$11.70 on the hundred, or for the confusion of ideas which permits Means Committee of the House, with \$236.64. These undivided profits are to pay an otherwise honest man to adapt gambl-

from which the Mills bill purported to surance, bad debts, new machinery, and he loses, for suffering is the only correct whom eight are democrats. Of the eight | ures carefully, we find that, whereas the | cent parties who suffer—those unconnect democrats he said seven were lawyers, and workman received \$300 for making in ed with the cause, who are inevitably six of the seven are southerners and ex- 1850, \$3,753 worth of goods, in 1880 he re- dragged down by the fall of the operators slave owners and confederates. They are ceived \$404, for making only \$2023 worth; -are the ones entitled to sympathy. We

day's work than otherwise, but more than this, the price of goods has declined so that nearly double the amount must be manu factured in order to get the same value What is true in the metals, holds in every glass and pottery work, with the cost of material. Altogether it appears that the Many interesting facts can be gleaned facts worth remembering.

AT Detroit, last Friday, we saw in front of the Central depot, being moved on rollers to the dock, an enormous boiler, almost 15 feet in diameter and 40 feet long. We were told it was going to Port Huron, for cooking wood pulp, and that it cost \$5,500. The circumstance recalled to our mind Mr. Guenther's illustration of the effect of tariff protection in the matter of wood pulp, and suggested how much farther the illustration might have gone Instead of the tariff reduction stimulating importation and limiting the home pro duction of the pulp merely, and the higher protection limiting the importation and stimulating the home production of the pulp merely, many other occupations are also affected by that one item. The crippling of the work of the pulp maker also cripples the work of the boiler maker: and though the boiler maker may be well protected on his goods, that demand for his work is ruined if the pulp man be not also protected. This illustrates what has been before argued in these columns, that the tariff protection is a s. stem, of which every part depends upon every other; and that it cannot be assailed in any part without affecting every other. One industry cannot be attacked without all the other industries feeling the blow. And so it may be perceived how short-sighted is the idea sometimes entertained by those who want protection in their own lines that they may be advantaged by withdrawing the protection enjoyed in other lines. That was the case of Mr. Applegate quoted by Mr. Stearns as a king the repeal of the duty on type, while upholding the benefits of protection in other lines. It is on this plan of attack that the enemies of protection rely to overthrow the system, and their subtle advances on this line are plausibly addressed to the short-sighted selfishness of individuals and classes, like their constant appeals to the farmers and the workingmen to observe how manufacturers are protected at their expense, well The two Michigan districts are given knowing that if they can make any distinct breach in any part, the whole system is doomed. This is the line of attack of President Cleveland and the Mills bill, of specifically; and of all the opponents of

ployes of the Detroit boiler makers have a direct interest in the tariff protection for ing very much. One of the counties in the wood pulp maker at Port Huron; and so have the Illinois farmers who feed those boiler makers, and the Philadelphia tailors who clothe them, and everybody else except the people across the sea who want the business for themselves; and Mr. Don How well qualified for framing a tariff M. Dickinson may see here an escape from his fear of seeming to seek his own interest only in asking Mr. Chipman to restore the wood pulp duty in the Mills sure, and selfish enough, probably, and never thought of benefiting Detroit me chanics and prairie hog raisers and eastern coat makers, but he did benefit them, all the same; while his talk of benefiting

them by cutting down protection was a

vital stab at every one of them.

MR. BLAINE's speech in Detroit was not a "great" speech measured lengthwise, but it settled at least one thing, that without the shadow of law, the administration had loaned certain favored National banks \$60,000,000 without interest, and taken for security bonds bearing interest, which interest is paid statedly by the government. That is a government in the democrat sense "economically administered." When the President comes to a poor soldier's bill, he hastens to use "the one man power" and vetoes it. If we take the 206 pension vetoes and estimate each pension proposed at \$100 per year (a large estimate), we get \$20,600, the annual payment. Suppose these pensioners to live a hundred years—another large estimate—the grand total would amount to \$2,060,000, only twothirds of the interest at 5 per cent, for one year, on that loan of \$60,000,000 to the National banks. Why favor the National banks and refuse bread to the man who bared his breast to the rebel storm of death, to save his country? Can Mr. Cleveland answer this question in defense of patriotic motives? Is it not rather the manifestation, in great governmental affairs, of the same spirit which allowed the man who wore the blue to save this ally of the banks from the dangers of battle, to die in the poor house? Yes, Mr. Blaine's speech was not a "great" speech length

Cleveland's coffin, just the same. THERE will be no sympathy from honwhich all revenue bills must originate, and for putting the goods on the market, in- ing as a profession, but we are glad when

wise, but it drove a big, strong nail in Mr.

in 1850 the manufacturer had \$38.50 for use the terms, honest people, and gamblhandling a hundred dollars worth of goods, ers, deliberately and advisedly. Any buspaying expenses, insurance, and loss from liness which merely transfers money from bad debts; in 1880 he had only \$11,70. one pocket to another, without adding to another—is gambling, and such gaining is At first sight it may seem strange that robbery. Thoroughly honest people can-

A FRIEND from Adrian sends us a clipping, presumably from Mr. Stearns paper, calling in buncombe tones, on Mr Allen to explain why under the tariff, the number of sheep in Michigan fell off more than a million between 1876-7, and again in 1878. Evidently the writer thinks he has struck it rich, but if he had run down to Texas he would have found the sheep all there and in Kansas and other western states. The increase in Texas for the two years 1876-8 was 2,021,300, while the decrease in Michigan, for the same time, was 1,700,000. The decrease simply shows then, that Michigan sheep, because of high merit, were in special demand at that time for Texas, and scarcely a sheepman in this locality was not in the business of buying them up, and shipping thither. This fact shows, also, in the number of sheep in the whole country remaining about the same for these two years and Nails or Locks, largely increasing in 1879. No juggling, Bro. Stearns. Your attempted tricks to deceive the people, are giving you a reputation for insincerity.

It is better to discover one's ignorance even in advanced life than to die without such discovery. Mr. Willard Stearns of Adrian, after a few stump speeches, suddenly awoke to a consciousness that he had not solved all the mysteries of the tariff, and in dire distress, applied to Mr. Blaine for instruction. Thursday last Mr Blaine yielded to his importunities, and gave him his first lesson at Mr. Stearns' Granite Ware, Tinware, own home. The lesson was elementary, but the case demanded primary instruction, and now Mr. Stearns is able, with a fair degree of clearness, to state the difference between an internal revenue tax and a tariff tax. Mr. Blaine is an expert teacher, and no doubt if his pupil is attentive and diligent, he will be able after a little to correct his error at Britton, in stating that both taxes are "indirect." Since Mr. Blaine's services have been secured, the country may fairly hope to be relieved of that copious outflow of eloquence which has characterized the notable aspirant's effort since his nomination. The "lesson" we print in this issue, and it will repay

WE regret to see Mr. Allen indulge in the common practice of telling the people that the tariff is paid by the foreigner, who brings the goods into this country. Better be manly and give the people the facts. It will pay in the long run.—

Here is one of many "facts" gleaned from the tariff compilation. From 1867. to 1873 the tariff on salt in bulk was 18 cents per 100 lbs., and the invoice price that is, the foreign price was one mill per pound. In 1873, 10 cents per 100 lbs., was taken off--just one mill per pound--and the next year the invoice price was 2 mills per pound, and the next, the same. Just the amount of duty taken off, was added to the foreign price. In those two years, 1874-5. there were imported into this country, 829,564,524 pounds of salt, on which the tariff reduction gave the foreigner one mill a pound more profit. This gave the foreign salt maker, \$829,564 profit. In other words this little change of tariff put Cross Street, near the Depot, nearly a million of dollars into the pockets of the foreigner and impoverished our appellation of "free trader." The emtreasury to that extent, while the consumer paid the same price as before. This is the true democrat policy and indeed just where their whole effort directs it, namely, to enrich the foreign manufacturer at the expense of our own.

____GO TO___

FLOUR AND FEED STORE

If you are in need of

Seed Corn, Potatoes, and Beans!

FERTILIZER, DRAIN TILE, BINDING TWINE, MACHINE OIL, WAGONS, DRILLS, CULTIVATORS, PLOWS, AND ALL REPAIRS

OSBORN BINDER, OSBORN MOWER, ANN ARBOR & EXCELSIOR MOWERS, HAY TEDDERS, FORKS, RAKES

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Table or Pocket Cutlery,

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You will find a good assortment at the

PRICES TO SUIT YOU

A share of your trade solicited.

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FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED

First-Class Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

Sausages of all kinds, made from best se

lected meats, always on hand.

Sausages cut for farmers and customers

promptly and satisfactorily

Only the best Meats handled, and only the

Favorite Prices, charged at the

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Come and get your Life and Property In-

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Will, Deed, Mortgage, Contract, or any

thing else, very cheap, and warrant all

OFFICE OVER WELLS & FISK'S.

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DENTISTS, HURON ST.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when desired.

correct or no pay.

Cook Stove,

Farm Bells,

Trimmings of any kind,

Gasoline Stove,

or Carpet Sweeper,

and Wheelbarrows,

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or Oil Stove,

SPECIAL!

On and after Monday, August 27th, I will offer my entire stock at

VERY LOW PRICES

Terms Cash.

All persons indebted to me will please call and settle at their Fresh Fish constantly on hand. earliest convenience.

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Butter and Eggs, Fruit and Vegetables in Season.

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR.

QUICK SALES AND CLOSE PROFITS OUR MOTTO.

A Large Stock of Goods

TO BE CLOSED OUT.

MEATS! Alban & Johnson

Offer their Mammoth Stock of

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Suits and Single Garments,

Suitable for

Candies, Fruits, Nuts SUMMER WEAR

Away Down, to prepare for Fall Stock. Now is the time, while they are going.

LOOK AT OUR NEW HATS

OF ALL STYLES, GRADES AND PRICES.

Alban & Johnson.

- LEFT ALONE AT EIGHTY

- You've cut the flower—yon're very kind She rooted it last May. It was only a slip—I pulled the rose And threw the stem away; But she, sweet, thrifty soul, bent down And planted it where she stood. 'Dear, maybe the flowers are living,' she "Asleep in this bit of wood."

- b, well, dear Lord, I'll be patient,
 But I feel sore broken up;
 teighty years, it's an awesome thing
 To drain such a bitter cup,
 know, there's Joseph, and John and Hal,
 And four good men beside,
 but a hundred sons couldn't be to me
 Like the woman I made my bride.



The Greatest Blood Purifier

BLUE PILLS Ilphur Bitters!

The Invalid's Friend.

Try a Bottle To-day! If so, SULPHUR BITTERS

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

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Peninsular White Lead & Color Works, Detroit, Mich. Call and see a handsone display of these paints.
PAINT YOUR KITCHEN FLOOR WITH PENINSULAR
FLOOR PAINT. Dries hard over night. Very durable and lasting. For sale by

A. D. MORFORD, Druggist,

The Opsilantian.

CROSSING THE JORDAN.



[Condensed from Lesson Helper Quarterly, by permission of H. S. Hoffman, Philadelphia, publisher.] After the Lord had encouraged Joshua, as in our last lesson, the people also encouraged him by promising obedience and by praying the Lord to be with him (i, 16-18). follows the record of the two spies sent to Jericho, their reception and protection by Rahab, their promise of deliverance to her and all belonging or related to her and the true token of the scarlet line to be bound in

5. "Sanctify yourselves, for to-morrow the Lord will do wonders among you." If we were more separate from sin and unbelief, we would see more of the wonderful works of God. In one place Jesus could not do many mighty works because of their unbelief: and there is no doubt but the unbelief and worldliness of Christians today hinders

His doing wonders among us.
6. "Take up the ark of the covenant and pass over before the people." To the people he had said: "Sanctify yourselves," and now these are his orders to the priests, who were always supposed to be sanctified, inasmuch as they were set apart for the special service of the sanctuary. All true believers are priests unto God (Rev. i, 5; v, 10) and should ever consider themselves set apart to His

service.
7. "I will begin to magnify thee in the sight of all Israel." God always honors those who honor Him, and yet the honor is all His own and shows forth His glory, for this is the great end of our existence, to glorify God. When the apostles, filled with the spirit, spoke and wrought in the name of edge of them that they had been with Jesus. 8. "Stand still in Jordan." With their

feet in the water, they were to stand on the brink of Jordan and see the wonders of the Lord. They were to march right into the river ere the waters would divide; we are to go right forward, even though it seem imposway, not an hour or a day too soon, but some-times as it seems only when we have gone to the last extremity and cannot take another

step.

10. "The living God is among you." Jeremiah calls Him "the true God, the living God and an everlasting king." (Jer. x, 10.)

Darius calls Him "the living God and steadfast forever." (Dan. vi, 26.) Jesus Himself, appearing to John in Patmos, says, "I am the First and the Last and the Living One, alive forevermore." (Rev. i, 17, R. V.) If we lived near to God as Jeremiah or Daniel or John, and the statement of our lives would testify that the God whom we serve is a living God, a life giving God, ever present and working in and through us. "He will without fail drive out from before you the Canaanites." It is implied here

that He will do this through them as His servants and soldiers, they being obedient to Him and He fighting with them and in them against their enemies. Now we find they were not obedient, and consequently Jebusites pletely driven out, but became thorns and snares to them. (Judges i, ii, iii.)

11. "The ark of the covenant of the Lord of all the earth." This is the first time that we find this title in full; it reminds us of the words of Melchizedek, "the most high God, possessor of heaven and earth" (Gen. xiv, o); and the expression in the prophets, "the ord of the whole earth" (Isa. liv, 5; Mich., 13; Zech. iv, 14; vi, 5), and the thought at our Redeemer is the Lord of all the earth v. 13) should make us very joyful in Him, and ready to trust Him under all circum-stances, obey Him at all times and love Him with the whole heart, extolling Him in every

12. "Take twelve men out of the tribes of Israel." The reason for choosing these twelve is found in the next chapter: They were to take twelve stones from the midst of Jordan, ark, and set them up for a memorial on the other side of Jordan, so that they could in days to come point their children to those stones and tell them how their fathers had come over Jordan on dry land; Joshua also set up twelve stones in the midst of Jordan where the priests had stood. These two memorials testified to the mighty hand of the Lord, that Israel might fear the Lord their God forever, and that all the earth might know the hand of the Lord (iv, 24).

13. "It shall come to pass." How could Joshua speak so positively about this very unlikely event? Why did he not speak more cautiously and say, we trust or hope that it will thus come to pass, or we will try and see what can be done? He believed God; he knew His power; he had not a shadow of a doubt but that it would be just as God had told him. "As soon as the soles of the feet of the priests shall rest in the waters." Not as they drew nigh, nor before they came to the river, but only when their feet actually stood in the water. Who can tell how many victories we lose by being afraid, by holding back because of difficulties, instead of going right forward into the difficulty in the name of the Lord? We have only to be sure that we are obeying His command, doing His will, seeking His glory and not our own, and then let neither men nor devils, giants nor walled cities, fire nor water terrify nor dismay us.

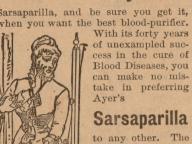
14-16. "And it came to pass." When God speaks it must come to pass; it must always just as He says, even as when in the beginning God said "Let there be light," and there was light. He only needs to speak and it is done. Blessed are those who believe, for there shall be a performance of the things told us from the Lord. Unbelief says, "I wish I could feel that," or "I will try and believe." As to the former, remember the word to doubting Thomas, "Blessed are they that have not seen, yet have believed." As to the latter, remember that trying to believe is equal to saying that God is not worthy of your confidence; and just ask yourself what reply you would make to one who said to you, "I will try and believe you." If you are a Christian and have not joy and peace under all circumstances—I do not say in all circumstances, for some are anything but joyous— but joy and peace in the Lord, whatever your surroundings be; if you have not these, it is because you do not believe God, and your mind is not stayed on Him (Isa. xxvi, 3;

Phil. iv, 4-7; I Thess. v, 18). 17. "The priests stood firm on dry ground in the midst of Jordan." The midst of a river is not a place to look for dry ground, nor is a wall of such unstable material as water likely to encourage one to stand firm; but the One whose name is Wonderful was with them and was doing wondrously. air, earth or water are all the same to Him so far as helps or hindrances are correrned; He walks through the fire unharmed and enables mortal men to do the same; He walks on the sea and enables Peter to do likewise; He mounts through the air with equal case, and so do Enoch and Elijah. If we would only believe that He is ever in our midst we would stand unmoved on firm footing under all circumstances, for His presence means power and victory over all enemies.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Ask For Ayer's



With its forty years of unexampled success in the cure of Blood Diseases, you can make no mistake in preferring

to any other. The fore-runner of modern blood medicines, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is still the most popular, being in great-er demand than all

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is selling faster than ever before. I never hesitate to recommend it."—George W. Whitman, Druggist, Albany, Ind.

"I am safe in saying that my sales of Ayer's Sarsaparilla far excel those of any other, and it gives thorough satisfac-tion."—L. H. Bush, Des Moines, Iowa. "Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills are the best selling medicines in my store. I can recommend them conscientiously."—C. Bickhaus, Pharmacist, Roseland, Ill.

"We have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla here for over thirty years and always recommend it when asked to name the best blood-purifier."—W. T. McLean, Druggist, Augusta, Ohio.

"I have sold your medicines for the last seventeen years, and always keep them in stock, as they are staples. 'There is nothing so good for the youthful blood' as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—
R. L. Parker, Fox Lake, Wis.

R. L. Parker, Fox Lake, Wis.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla gives the best satisfaction of any medicine I have in stock. I recommend it, or, as the Doctors say, 'I prescribe it over the counter.' It never fails to meet the cases for which I recommend it, even where the doctors' prescriptions have been of no avail."—C. F. Calhoun, Monmouth, Kansas.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle. "Why are you always so blue, Scribbler?" "Because," said the author, "I'm so seldom read."

Wonderful Curse.

Frank Smith, Retail Druggist of Ypsilanti, Mich., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures

effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Frank

A "broth of a boy" ought to make a good "supe."

Mr. L. H. Frohlichstein, of Mobile, Alawrites: I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, having used it for a severe attack of Bronchitis and Catarrh. At gave instant relief and entirely cured me and I have not been afflicted since. I also beg to state that I had tried other remedies with no good result. Have also used Electric Bitters and Dr. King's New Life Pill, both which I can recommend. Dr. King' New Discovery for Consumption, Cough and Colds, is sold on a positive guarantee Trial bottles at Smith's drug store.

Our objection to the foolhardy man is ot that he is a fool but that he is hardy. He never seems to die.

Bucklin's Arinca Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank Smith.

Cleveland is evidently sliding down Hill in New York.

Unable to Tell. Yes, that was so. For years I suffered everely with scrofula; sores broke out all over my body, and I am unable to tell one half that I suffered. I was not able to obtain relief until I used Sulphur Biters, which completely cured me.-C. B. Dale, 17 Allston street, Boston.

One may screw up his courage and have his attention riveted.

Local Excursion for September. Art Loan Exhibition at Detroit, Sept. 1 to November 15. Tickets will be sold on Thursday of each week until November 5, good returning on following day at one are for round trip with 25 cents added for ticket of admission.

A man often raises a live row over a

When you need a good, safe laxative, ask your druggist for a box of Ayer's Pills, and you will find that they give perfect satisfaction. For indigestion, torpid liverand sick headache there is nothing superior. Leading physicians recommend them.

It is not generally known that the wheels if the vehicle are as tired as the horse.

Professor Gauthier, of Paris, states that ertain vital processes of the body develop utrefying substances in the tissues, which, f not speedily eliminated, produce disease Ayer's Sarsaparilla effects the removal of hese substances, and thereby preserves health.

The fruits of dissension are supposed to be put up in family jars.

To err is human, but you make no mistake if you use Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic for dyspedsia, costiveness, bad breath, piles, pimples, ague and malaria, poor appetite, low spirits, or diseases of he kidneys, stomach and liver. 50 cents.

What is the use of whitewashing a pale

It is by copying after nature that man gets best results. Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is nature's own remedy, is purely vegetable, can be taken by the most deli-Cures all stomach, kidney and liver troubles. 50 cents.

It takes more than a simpleton to fathom coal-dealer's simple ton.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or caloused lumps and blem-ishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold A. D. Morford, druggist, Ypsilanti,

The Bee Line Railroad has 117 crooks

"The best on earth" can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve—a speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, sores, piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. 25 cents. Guaranteed.

Internal Tax.

Stearns Seeks Light, and Finds It.

Dear Sir—As you are about to lend your nfluence in Michigan in advocacy of proection, as embodied in the national plat-orm, you will pardon a public request for formation upon that subject.

In a speech made by you just prior to the September election in Maine this year, you are reported by the New York Tri

I am to understand, therefore, that you vish to have a tariff on all these things prevent any of them from com ng into this

I ask your attention to a speech made Congress June 10, 1868, by James G. Blaine, then congressman from Maine, in

[He was discussing the matter you will ecollect, with an Ohio man, and further

Now Mr. Blaine, are you the gentle-man who uttered those words twenty

If true, did you really believe them?
If it was good doctrine then, why is it that now, with more revenue than we need, is not good political economy now? Were you sincere then? If so, are you sincere now?

When, in the speech you warned the house and protested against the gross injustice of putting a tax upon breadstuffs and household necessities and lumber, did you think potatoes, vegetables, meat and fruit were not breadstuffs?

Was not your position then precisely democratic doctrine to-day? How do you reconcile the two speeches In 1868 revenue was needed.

You protested against taxing lumber and breadstuffs. You then pleaded for the laboring classes and for farmers.

To-day the revenue, even though a "mole-hill," as you then termed it, is not

The laboring classes need cheap breadstuffs and cheap lumber as much as they did then. Kindly explain in your Michigan speeches, why lumber and breadstuffs, which in 1865 to 1868 were not taxed and which keep large from from should be which in 1803 to 1805 were not taxed and which had always been free, should be taxed in '88, twenty years later? If done satisfactorily, it may be the means of inspiring confidence in your words about protection, a state of affairs that you will observe severally exists of present. bserve scarcely exists at present.
Respectfully yours,
W. STEARNS.

Adrian, Oct. 2, 1888. MR. BLAINE'S REPLY. Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Citizens:—It there is a gentleman in this audience who signs his name "W. Stearns" I desire hi attention. He addresses a personal letter to me, which, whether he intended it to be courteous or not, I shall endeavor to repl to courteously. He wants to know why the house of representatives in 1868, I posed a tax on lumber, and why I am no Well, I suppose he has read the Congrainal Globe, for he gives the page a uises, sores, ulcers, sand the date, but if he account of the great debt, and I maintaine then, as I maintain now, that it was unwis to tax breadstuffs or to tax lumber by an internal tax in the United States, which added just that much to the price of it t every consumer. Now, if he does no know the difference between an internal

tax and a tariff tax, I will tell him [Cheers and cries of "He don't know," and laughter,] Well, I will not say anythin about that myself, but the jury of the vi cinage seems to be against him. [Laughte and cheers.] The internal tax is one that loes not protect any American industry but takes just that much out of the industry. It is a tax which is levied in thi country only in time of war, excep on a very few articles. It is the same tagether which has been for general as the excise which has been for gener tions so odious a tax in Great Britain. is the same tax against which the peop of the United States came near rebelling during Washington's administration. W are in better order now and we pay ever tax that is levied, but the United States, i the judgment of the Republican party ought to raise all the money they need for the support of government from the tariff because the tariff gives to the American laborer and every industrial interest in th United States a great advantage over the same in foreign countries and aids in building what the United States possesses



Is known by these marked peculiarities: 1. A feeling of weariness and pains in the

2. Bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, and furred tongue.
3. Constipation, with occasional attacks of dawning.

artburn, loss of appetite.
stention of the stomach and bowels

by wind.

7. Depression of spirits, and great melancholy, with lassitude and a disposition to leave everything for to-morrow.

A natural flow of Bile from the Liver is essential to good health. When this is obstructed it results in

BILIOUSNESS,

which, if neglected, soon leads to serious diseases. Simmons Liver Regulator exerts a most felicitous influence over every kind of billousness. It restores the Liver to proper working order, regulates the secretion of bile and puts the digestive organs in such condition that they can do their best work. After taking this medicine no one will say, "I am bilious,"

"I have been subject to severe spells of Congestion of the Liver, and have been in the habit of taking from 15 to 20 grains of calomel which generally laid me up for three or four days. Lately have been taking Simmons Liver Regulator, which gave me relief without any interruption to business."—J. Hugg, Middleport, Ohio.

ONLY GENUINE J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mistress Mary quite contrary How does the washing go; With dainty lace, and pillow-case, And dresses all in a row? Their whiteness surely shames the snow Twas Banta Claus Soap that made them so!

> J. F. CLARK. formerly of Banghart & Clark, successor to Wm. Bradley in

All Grocers sell SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Made by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., CHICAGO.

Huron Street, opposite the Sanitarium, Will be glad to meet his old friends and any others who may favor him with a call, at his new place of business.

Fresh Fish constantly on hand, and the Choicest Cuts of all kinds of Fresh and Salt

Woolens & Worsteds

Mr. Fingerle, artistic tailor, will personally superintend all orders in this department, which insures a stylish and well-made gar-

NOVELTIES IN HATS AND CAPS

Gents' Furnishings

IN GREAT VARIETY. CALL AND SEE.

Joe Sanders, the Clothier, AMERICAN CHAMPION RAMBLER No. 1 Union Block.



JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA For LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, PURIFYING the BLOOD Used for 30 Years. Best Preparation in the World for Sick Headache, Pain in the Side or Back, Consti-pation, Pimples on the Face, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Boils, Piles and all Diseases that arise

"I won't take any but

from a Disordered Liver, Stomach or an Impure Blood. It is a powerful tonic for the weak and feeble, especially females and children. It can not must the most delicate constitution, and is one of the Best Medicines in use for Regulating the Bowels. PRICE \$1.00. Three Bottles for \$2.50. Delivered free of any charge, Sold by all Druggists. Send for Circular. W. JOHNSTON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

Syrup diluted with 10 parts of water will keep off the terrible FRANK tired, nervous, exhausted feeling at a cost of 3 cents per day, and is as harmless as other liquid foods. Call for the Syrup.

\$500 REWARD!

JOHN C. WEST & CO., 862 West Madison s Chicago, Ill.

Mortgage Sale.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH

FOR SALE BY FRANK SMITH, YPSILANTI, MICH. Valuable Prescription Free!

-GO TO-

EMPORIUM

For anything that should be found in a stock of

Wall-Paper, Paints, Notions,

OR FANCY GOODS.

The large stock of Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Truss es of all kinds, and prices always better than one-quarter off.

Frank will be glad to see you, and will take I e

money from you than any other dealer in the

country, and you may always feel sure of

the best goods and no mistakes made.

HUMPHREYS' DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK Cloth & Gold Binding

HOMEOPATHIC





HE CHEWERS OF

WILL SOON FIND THAT IT LASTS LONGER, TASTES SWEETER THAN OTHER TO-BACCOS, AND WILL PLEASE YOU. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT. AND INSIST ON GETTING IT. EVERY PLUG STAMPED LIKE

ABOVE CUT. JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.



Tricycles, Safeties,

Wheelman's Supplie:

Tandems

Sold for Cash or on Installment's

5 Union Block

YPSILANTI, MICH. ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD!

Or do you think of using

Lumber or Pain In large or small quantities? If you are, you should at once call on

Drugs, Books, Jewelry, S.W.Parsons & Co.

DEALERS IN

BUILDING MATERIAL

Carpenter's Supplies of All Kinds!

Lumber Yard and Factory north 1 Public Square, east side; Brane Office and Paint Depot, Worden Block, Huron Street.

SALESMEN WANTED To handle our reliable

on salary and expenses, and guarantee permanent employment and success. Facilities unequaled, prices reasonable, outfit free. Decided adpantages to beginners. Write

We engage men on liberal commission or

FOR SALE CHEAP!

Ellwanger & Barry, Rochester, N. Y

House and Lot on Oak street. \$50 or \$100 down, and small monthly payments.

J. N. WALLACE.

THU RSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1888. WITH the Indians we have made 929

treaties and have broken almost every

one of them. A LARGE cargo of chrome ore from the runins of the ancient city of Telmessus, Asia Minor, arrived in Philadelphia the other day.

Forty billion dollars is supposed to be the amount of capital invested in all the industries of this country together, and the annual product from this is estimated at nine bill on dollars.

REPORT says a company with a capital of one million dollars has been formed for the purpose of piping artificial gas from the coal-fields of Illinois to St. Louis, a distance of eleven

Gold coins of the United States contain 90) parts gold, 90 of copper and 10 of silver. Silver coins contain 900 parts silver and 100 copper. Nickel coins are 88 parts copper and 12 nickel.

COLONEL ROBERT I. CHRISTIE, friend and kinsman of Andrew Jackson, who was made messenger to take to Washington Tennessee's electorial vote for Cleveland, has just celebrated his ninety-fifth birthday, and is so hale and hearty as to warrant the hope of many more.

PRINCE ALBERT, of Monaco, is the fisherman Prince of Europe. He is traveling in his yacht, the Hir ondelle, along the Atlantic coast and catching rare specimens of the finny tribe, which he preserves for scientific purposes and sends to the Paris Academ; of Sciences.

THE vicissitudes of life were one day recently illustrated in the case of a man who spent two hours in a New York office waiting to borrow ten dollars from a millionaire who, two years previously, was employed by him as elerk. Speculation had enriched the the one and impoverished the other.

THE Moderation Society of New York has a perambulating tank of ice water, which is driven about the city all day and makes frequent stops that the thirsty may take advantage of the water. The tank holds 300 gallons, and on hot days is filled three times and uses up 2,100 pounds of ice. This is the second season of this mode of assisting temperance.

THERE are 150 female physicians in New York, while more than double the number are found in Brooklyn and other adjacent citils. Among those in New York city it is said there are Hughes, Leary's trainer, was acquitted. The quite a number who have incomes of two principals are under indictment. \$10,000; two or three make yearly sums ranging from \$15,000 to \$20,000, and one has averaged for the last four years a steady income of \$25,000.

As an example of the results of booming a town the following prices of real estate in Los Angeles, Cal., are quoted: Lots on the principal streets that could be had for two thousand dollars ten years ago, are to-day commanding ten to eighteen hundred manding ten to eighteen hundred dollars per front foot. Land immediately outside the city sells at from League ball games Thursday resulted: New York, 1; Chicago, 0.—Detroit, 3; Boston, day night. Charles Carlson, a prisoner, is believed to have perished in the flames. two to four thousand dollars per acre. | phia, 17; Indianapolis, 7; The four banks of Los Angeles hold on deposit about thirteen million dollars belong ng to new residents.

THE St. Francis basin, tributary to Helena, Ark., is so called because, being a large swamp with considerable growth of choice hardwoodmainly gum, cottonwood and ash-it annually becomes an inland sea, and is a natural float road from Helena to for divorce at New York, making "Nate" the sunken lands in Missouri. Nothing | Salisbury co-respondent. seems to be required but to cut the logs, into cribs, secure them into the open channels. The cost of transportation is thus much less than by rail.

A MATERIAL for fastening knives or forks into their handles is much needed. The best cement which is used for this purpose is made by melting one pound of colophony, bought of litterateur and art collector, committed suiany druggist, and eight ounces of sulphur. It may be kept in a bar or reduced to a powder. Take one part of the powder and mix with iron filings, fine sand or brick dust, and fill the cavity of the handle, heat the stem of the knife or fork and insert. When cold it will be found to be firm in its | The old United States court-house in New

It may not be known to every one down to make room for another building. that there is a law regulating the making of the American flag. The fallen for fifty-seven consecutive days. law of 1818 requires that on the Fourth have bought land in Mexico and intend movof July following the admission of a ing to that country. new state a new star shall be added The national grand lodge of colored masons to the blue field of the flag. There are has appropriated \$200,000 for the erection of a now therty-eight states in the Union temple at Kansas City. and there should be thirty-eight stars one miner was killed and another another another and another another another and another anothe in the field of the flag. Many of the at Streator, Ill., Saturday. cheap flags have not the requisite num- L. C. Smith, a prominent farmer of Fulton ber of stars, because it is much easier county, Indiana, was beaten almost to death to have the stars in rows, with an by footpads Saturday night. even number each way, which cannot a recent convention resolved to refrain from be secured with thirty-eight.

A DIFFICULT and complicated work of Judge Richard Reed in the Superior Court has just been achieved in the com. at Louisville, Ky., led to the latter's suicide, pletion of the Hagerman tunnel near has been respited from imprisonment for nine months because of ill health. He will Leadville. Aside from its being a return then to complete his three-year sentriumph of engineering the completion | tence of the work is an achievement for the Neb., went to sleep with a lighted pipe in his tenacity and pluck of the corporation. The machinery used was dragged seven inmates was burned. through the snows of a hitherto trackless wilderness. But all obstructions ville, Ky., to the memory of Jennie Bow- for the purchase of the life-size oil painting were eventually overcome and the man, the domestic who was killed last year of Abraham Lincoln by G. W. F. Travis at a machinery was put in operation. When robbers. the drill finally pressed through the ing, and as the men of the gangs met in cordial hand-clasp in the very center of that living mass of rock each congratulated the other upon the work around Jellet mapping out a route for ficates for the location of 75,840 acres of public land in Louisiana.

Latest Intelligence From All Parts of the World.

EAST.

Last week's wheat transactions on the New e quantity of the visible supply of the

William Lahey *scaped from Auburn prison by digging a hole through four feet of solid masonry composing the roof of his cell and

then sawing through the roof proper. John Blant, driver of a wagon, was made lind by a flash of lightning Saturday in New

Near North Stonington, Conn., recently a

r.ned among the branches. Dr. Bush, a prominent veterinarian and a nding society figure in Philadelphia, recentgave a dinner at which horseflesh was federate Brigadier General George E. Pickett served as one of the principal dishes.

Judge Sage of the United States Court of Cincinnati has refused the writ of habeas orpus applied for by James Kelly of Cleveand for his son, who had as a minor enlisted the army.

Chauncey Larkins, a well-to-do farmer of 25, living near Stephenton, N. Y. who is said to have proposed marriage to five women night, though scarching parties have been

John Dietrich, of Cincinnati, shot and killed himself Friday, because two young women he had asked to marry him had each refused

In discharging the Grand Jury in the United States Court at Cincinnati, Friday, Judge Sage rebuked them for not finding ar ndictment against an officer of the St. Parish Ohio) National Bank, against whom there vas, as alleged, clear evidence of embezzle-

Lee Byrnes, aged 60, a salesman in New in New Orleans, but who had through busicess troubles taken to drink, and, four years go had been deserted by his wife, dropped dead on the street Thursday night.

Early Friday morning the new waterworks tunnel being excavated at Cleveland, Ohio, Electrician Doyle, who was extending the ciruit lighting the tunnel, Foreman James Walsh, and Dennis Bonner were severly burned about the hands and face by the exploion of accumulated gases, ignited by an elecrical spark.

The transactions in wheat at New York ring the week have been 107,738,000 bushis, the heaviest week's trading on record. Of the amount stated, but 642,000 bushels were spot.

safety of the National Liner Italy, which left New York for Liverpool Sept. 19, and is four

At Buffalo, N. Y., Thursday, John Spann, husband of Hattie Leslie, who whipped Alice called at the American Express office for Leary in a fight with gloves on Navy Island cighteen trunks that detectives had been recently, and LaBlanche "The Marine," her | watching for several days. According to the sentenced in the Superior Court—Spann to twee and a half months in prison, and La turned them over to Barling as security for Blanche to three months. Billy Baker, Leary's backer, and John Floss were convicted, ry's backer, and John Floss were convicted, any money of Barling. Their arrest was due any money of a clerk of Carpels, Hart-

The American Board of Commissioners, for Foreign Missions, in session at Cleveland, elected officers Thursday, the Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs, of Brooklyn, being chosen President, and E. W. Blatchford, of Chicago, Vice drawn a pension since 1853, died Wednesday, Presdent. The resignation of Dr. Samuel at Pitts Point, Ky. She was the widow of a Harris, of Yale College, as a corporate member, was accepted; and among the corporate members elected is the Rev. Dr. G. F. S. Savchosen as alternate to preach the annual ser- day's result.

Emery, the Boston book-maker.

meeting at Cincinnati, Ohio, Thursday, elected Charles Morton, of St. Louis, President, and Lyman J. Gage and J. J. T. Odell, of Chicago, members of the executive coun-A resolution was adopted recommendcirculation to the full amount of the United States bonds deposited.

Frank B. Ely is suing his wife, May Ely

It was announced at the Philadelphia Baptrees, float them, either whole or in tist Association meeting Tuesday that Robert her two children and then herself Tuesday J. Burdette, the humorist, had been licensed reached his eighty-eighth birthday Wednes-

The Secular Union Congress, whose object. is the total separation of church and state, will open its twelfth annual congress at Pittsburg Friday.

Edward Gerry, a well-known New York cide Tuesday at his home on account of illhealth. Mr. Gerry was one of the largest country, and was an author and dramatic writer of ability.

WEST AND SOUTH.

Orleans, turned over by the French at the transfer of Louisiana in 1803, is being torn In one county in South Carolina rain has It is now denied by the mormons that they

One miner was killed and another was se-

The western Kentucky tobacco-growers at planting any tobacco next year. John J. Carneilson, whose horsewhipping

mouth while drunk, and the house with its A monument has been erected in Louis-

while defending her employer's house from price not to exceed \$15,000.

Alex. Johns, a colored horse trainer of Columbia Tuesday upon the petition of Mary rock the fact was the signal for cheer. Hubbardston, Mich., and Ada Lybalt, a 13- F. Levy, issued an order upon Land Comyear-old white girl, who eloped last Wednesday, have been arrested in Chicago and returned to Michigan.

A party of twenty-five engineers are at

NEWS OF THE WEEK. Anna Haight was granted a decree of divorce at Fort Dodge, Iowa, Thursday, and without losing a minute secured the Court's assistance, and Mrs. Haight that was became fie

Mrs. Noah Springer. An inoculation theorist at Jacksonville, Fla., was not permitted by the Board of Health to perform an autopsy on a yellow fever victim, with the object of securing virus for inoculation.

ork produce exchange were unprecedented its history. Over twenty-one million while six deaths were reported. The wenty-five, while six deaths were reported. The new cases of yellow fever at Jackson-

ork. It is thought he may recover his fell on the track, the car crushing both her

Near North Stonmgton, conin., recently in the interpretation of th evening. C. C. French, of Monmouth College, being given second place.

as unveiled at Gettysburg Friday.

During a wake at Racine, Wis., Thursday ght James Payton, James Callahan, and Mrs. George Dinen, mourners, were poisoned drinking embalming fluid, some havof a glass, which they used in drinking beer. l'ayton cannot recover.

all to have told the fifth that he would cut his broat, has not been seen since Saturday ight, though scarching parties have wished to commit the organization to the support of the third party.

Receiver Smith, of the Trader's Bank, of Chicago, pronounces it a bad failure. He would give no detailed statements of assets and liabilities. Joseph O. Rutter, the bank's late President, died at 9 o'clock Thursday evening. His death was expected. It is supposed that the determination of the bank's condition will now be speedy, as the money affairs of the late Traders' President were so closely connected with the bank, that a settlement of the complications of the latter uld not be made without an examination of Mr. Rutter's estate

H. G. Andrews, at Waterloo, Iowa, Thursay, shot and seriously wounded his brotherin-law, Blufford Koerger. Andrews' wife, who married him in April, and left him fou weeks after, had brought suit for divorce and vas during a call at her brother's house to live with him again, that he shot Koerger

At Adrian, Mich., Thursday, pickpockets tracted by the Blaine reception to ply their the express company of \$12,500, which octrade. Eight were arrested at the Wabash curred on the Rock Island railroad at 12:45 depot, one who escaped shooting Under Sheriff Frank Teachout. John W. Postgate, of the Chicago Herald, and two gentlemen, understood to be John Ritchie, of the Associated Press, Chicago, and Fred C. Crawford, of the New York World, were run in on suspicion, but subsequently released.

Samuel Winsberg, a clothing dealer at No. 59 South Desplaines street, Chicago, and Adolph Barling, a saloonist, were arrested at backer, both convicted of violating the stat- confession of the men Winsberg had bought ite against participating in a prize fight, were | fine dry goods on credit from J. V. Farwell mann & Co., of Milwaukee, who saw some of the trunks, which Winsberg bought in April and had not paid for, at the expres

Miss Sarah Crutcher, aged 88, who had

revolutionary soldier. The Chicago wheat pit was the scene of intense excitement again Wednesday, Decemage, of Chicago. The next meeting of the ber wheat reaching \$1.18. Corn and oats board will be held at New York, and the seem to have been also infected with the bull Rev. Dr. Arthur Little, of Chicago, was

The court house, together with the county

hia, 17; Indianapolis, 7;

Jonathan Osborne and Casper Horsdoefer,
The victory of Flitaway at Jerome Park two farmers near Evansville, Ind., while Thursday put \$6,000 in the pockets of Sam | seeking shelter under some trees from the Emery, the Boston book-maker.

The American Banker's Association, at its night and killed.

Judge Given, of Des Moines, Ia., Tuesday granted permits to a number of druggists to sell liquer for lawful purposes, but refused all applications in behalf of drug stores connected with hotels.

Thirty prisoners escaped from the reform school at Pontiac, III., Tuesday, by cutting of the murdered woman as that of her sister. a hole through the floor. Particulars are meager. The police have been notified.

Mrs. Lulu Poffenberger, wife of George Poffenberger, of Blue Springs, Neb., who was in Beatrice, Neb., attending court, killed night. The neighbors found the woman to preach by the church at Lower Merion, Pa. dead on her bedroom, floor with a bullet The Hon. George Bancroft, the historian, wound in her breast. Her two children aged 4 and 1, were in bed. A cord tied tightly around their necks showed that they had been strangled. The woman left a note say ing that she had felt herself going crazy. Her husband had always been kind.

> No such multitude as was in the streets Tuesday was ever seen in Sioux City before. It is reliably estimated that there were 35,000 visitors in the city during the day. The labor parade was two miles and a quarter in length and occupied one hour and ten minutes in passing a given point. There were nineteen mpanies of the Iowa and Dakota National Guards in line in dress parade in the main streets this evening.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Thursday as follows: B. B. Richard, by Third Iowa District Democrats; J. B. Doe, Jr., by First Wisconsin District Democrats, and Colonel L. B. Eaton, by Tenth Tennesse District Republicans.

The Republican and Democratic State Com- BEEVES-Extra...... nittees of Indians have agreed that in all election precincts where the inspector is a Democrat, a Republican judge and clerk shall be selected; and in precincts where the inspectors are Republicans, Democratic judges and clerks shall be chosen. The Demcratic committee also makes a proposition for the appointment of a committee of 100forty-five to be Democrats, forty-five Repuband punish election frauds.

Govornor Gordon and other State officials of Georgia were re-elected Wednesday with-

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Senator Hoar Friday announced his intenton of introducing a bill making amendments to the United States Statut's necessary making uniform the times of meeting of the electoral colleges and the times for delivering the certificates or the votes cast.

Senator Voorhees reported favorably a bill

The supreme court of the District of missioner Stockslager directing him to show cause on or before Oct. 15 why a writ of mandamus should not issue against him to compel the issuance to the petitioner of certicates of the petitioner of certicates of the petitioner of certicates of the petitioner of public that the petition of 75 840 agrees of public to the petit

Lth CONGRESS.

SENATE.—The conference report on the decy bill was presented in the Senate on d by Mr. Hale. The larger portion of isagreeing votes had, he said, been ared by the conference. There were four ers on which an agreement had been ed. One was the item to pay the widow reached. One was the frem to pay the Wholw of Chief Justice Waite the remainder of the year's salary, the House conferences insisting that there was no procedent for it. Another was the item to pay the year's salary of an internal-revenue official, who remained at his post in Florida and died there of yellow-fever. Another was the proposition to extended. while six deaths were reported. The weather continues warm, but the disease has assumed a milder phase.

The semi-annual Mormon Conference opened at Salt Lake City, Utah, Friday.

Miss Ella Morgan, of Decatur, Ill., daughter of Wabash conductor, Walter Morgan, tried to climb over the bumpers of two cars obstructing her way to school Friday morning. The train started suddenly and she fell fell on the track, the car crushing both her legs, the injuries being considered fatal.

F. M. Wheeler, of Wesleyan University, won first prize in the Illinois inter-collegiate oratorial contest at Champaign, Ill., Friday evening. C. C. French, of Monmouth College, being given second place.

The monument to the memory of the Confederate Brigadier General George E. Pickett was unveiled at Gettysburg Friday.

thereof.

HOUSE.—In the house the Senate bill to allow persons who have abandoned or relinquished their homestead interest to make other entries was passed on the 2d with the following amendments: Providing that whenever it shall be made to appear to the register of any land office that any settler on the public domain is unable, by reason of drought or other unavoidable easualty, to secure a support for himself, the register may grant such settler for leave of absence at such settler for leave of absence that any homestead settler who has ened less than one-quarter section may enter itional land contiguous to the original with which such entry shall not ex-

HOUSE.—After several hitches in the House on the 5th over the question of no quorum and objections to bills, the Senate bill to inorporate the Maritime Canal Company of N caragua was taken up for consideration, but no action was taken. Mr. Burns of Missouri offered a concurrent resolution, which was agreed to, for the appointment of a select joint committee of three Senators and three Representatives to investigate the work done on the Washington equadurt tunnel the contractions. on the Washington aqueduct tunnel, the contracts made for the same, the bidding for and the letting of the contracts, and the compensation paid for the work. Mr. Catchings of M sissippi from the Committee on Rivers and Harbors reported the bill appropriating \$185,250 for completing the improvement and are dring of the St. Clair Flats Ship Canal. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

THE DECISION UPHELD.

Watt, One of Kellogg Nichol's Slayers, Benied a New Trial.
The murder of Kellogg Nichols, a United

took advantage of the immense crowd at States Express messenger and the robbery of m., March 13, 1886, is recalled by the opin-Ill., Tuesday. Henry Schwartz and Newton Watt were convicted of the crime and are now serving life terms in the penitentiary for the same. Watt appealed to the Supreme Court and the court affirmed the decision of the lower court. The opinion is by Justice Bailey, of Rockford, and is the first document from him since his election to the Supreme Court. It is a voluminous document and very conclusive in detail. The principal point in the case raised by the defense was he question of jurisdiction, claiming that it had not been established at the trial that Kelogg Nichols was killed in Grundy county. onsequently that court had no jurisdiction. The court above disposes of that question by referring to the question from two sections of the constitution, and says:

"It is clearly established that the intent and purpose of the law gives either Will or Gruncounty jurisdiction."

Says the opinion: "Those who were on the train at the time were completely segregated from time and distance, and the claim, if there is any at all. s purely technical, and one that the court cannot consider."

ANOTHER LONDON HORROR.

The Mutilated Body of Another Weman Found Near the Police Offices The trunk of a woman was found in a re

ess of the new London police offices on the Thames embankment Tuesday afternoon. The head, arms, and legs were missing: The emains, which were badly decomposed, were wrapped in rough cloth and tightly bound with cord. It is believed that the arms re- peared. cently found at Pimlico and Lambeth were cut from his body.

An inquest was held Tuesday on the body of the woman found murdered in a narrow court off Berner's street Sunday morning. A sister of the victim deposed that she awoke at 1:20 o'clock Sunday morning and heard made by a person falling to the ground. Sho went to the morgue and recognized the body The house in which the witness resides is sev-

Mr. Forbes, the noted war correspondent, writes that he is convinced that the White chapel assassin got disease from one of his victims, lost his situation, and is suffering from specific madness. He suggests that the murderer is a medical student.

PUT OUT OF THE WAY.

James Hollenback Murdered and Thrown Into a Canvon to Prevent His Testifying.

Jas. Hollenback, a prominent man, of Redding, Cal., was killed Tuesday by two unknown persons. After killing him the assassins placed the body on a wagon, whipped the team until the horses grew wild and then started them down hill. At a sudden turn in their downward course the wagon upset and the corpse was hurled into a deep canyon. regular doctors. Hollenbeck was the principal witness in the Stanton murder case. Stanton was killed two years ago by an organized band of outlaws, and on two occasions grand juries have investigated the case, but from fear of con-Candidates for Congress were nominated make the truth known. The case was again

THE MARKETS. CHICAGO.

Fair Cows.
Milcen Cows—per head.
1 Hogs—Mixed
Sheer—Native.
Wheat—No. 2. Spring. WHEAT—No. 2. Spring.
CORN—No. 2.
OATS—No. 2.
POTATORS—Per bushel...
POULTRY—Chickens, live, per Educks,
Turkeys
BUTTER—Choice Creamery
Fine Dairy.
Low Grades
CHESSE—Full Cream.
Off Grades.
EGGS—Fresh, per doz.
ST. LOUIS. OATS- MILWAUKEE. WHEAT-No. 2, Red......

DETROIT.

WHEAT-No. 2, Red..... 1.01

CORN.
OATS.
KANSAS CITY.

STATE NEWS.

A Resume of the Principal Items of News in Three Great States.

ILLINOIS.

-Mrs. William Coon drowned herself in hallow Creek. She was suffering from a fit of temporary insanity.

—Because of a quarrel with his father, Oscar Hartwell, a young man of 22 years, shot and killed himself near Marion.

—Chares Baum, of Yeoman, Ind., fell from a passenger train at Hoopston, and re-ceived injuries from which he will die. Diphtheria has become epidemie at Cowden, and the authorities have ordered the public schools closed until the disease is con-

—At the firemen's tournament at Lincoln, the race was won by the Effingham company, and the hook and ladder contest by Lincoln's representatives.

—A collision occurred on the Illinois Central Road near Menominee in which Thomas Henneberry of Galena, was instantly killed and several others were injured. —Hog cholera is alarmingly prevalent in the vicinity of Fairmount. One farmer has lost over one hundred head in two days, and

—Henry Hornick, of Kansas City, while enroute for Chicago in charge of a lot of sheep, fell from the train on the Chicago and Alton Road at Jacksonville and was cut to

-At Monticello, James Mounce was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary. The crime was the killing of Adam Spear, the 4th of last February. last February. -The collections of internal revenue in the

Peoria district for September amounted to \$1,677,876.30. Two hundred and thirty-six packages were exported and tax was paid on —Miss Malisa Harshberger, a bright young lady from Atwood, was adjudged insane by a jury in Judge Huston's court and ordered sent to the insane asylum. She had been be-

trayed by a former lover, who had gone West

—At Naperville, an enormous radish, measuring twenty-eight inches in length and twenty-six inches in circumference, and weighing twenty-three pounds, is on exhibition. The radish was grown in the garden of Mr. J. F. Benjamin, of that place, -F. T. Bertund of Rockford moved into

his \$14,000 house the other day, and soon it was discovered that there was a leak in the gas pipe. His son went into the room with a lighted lamp, and a terrific explosion resulted, by which the boy was injured and the house damaged. —Several cars on an M. & O. freight train were derailed near Alto Pass. Ben Faulkner, the engineer, reversed his engine and then jumped. Just as he touched the ground a derailed car struck him, crushing and killing him instantly. He lived at Murphysboro and leaves a newly married wife. The fireman and train men escapad injury.

man and train men escaped injury. —At Rockford, Mrs T. J. Morgan had her husband arrested for threatening her life. It was proved in court that she belonged to the Byron Beek. She said that she loved Rev. Schweinfurth, the head of the novel sect, better than she loved her husband. Morgan objected to her attachment to the minister and threatened her life. They were minister and threatened her life. They released on promising to keep the peace.

At Galesburg, Thomas Dougherty an old man employed in Brown's corn-planter works, met a horrible death. He had been sent to oil some shafting, when his clothes were caught by the revolving wheels and he was wound around the wheels. His left arm and leg were torn from the body and his right leg broken in several places. His left leg was thrown quite a distance. He leaves a wife and several children.

—At Matteon a man who had been robbed

.—At Mattoon, a man who had been robbed and was suffering from the effects of deli-rium tremens was found in the western part rium fremens was found in the western part of the city. After gaining consciousness he stated that he was from Chicago and that his name was Peter Strubbe. His friends are said to reside at 53 Elston avenue, in Chicago. He was blind in the left eye, which protruded from the socket. The right eye was not injured so badly. He came here a few days ago and was employed in the railroad shops. Nothing is known of how he received his injuries.

went down to Basco in a buggy. He finally agreed to buy. While driving back to Carthage to complete the trade the farmer and his new-found friend met a confederate of the latter. George was induced to draw for prizes in the good old way, and was swindled out of his \$1,200. Both the sharpers disap-

—The people near Tuscola are much excited over the discovery of a natural gas well which was struck on the farm of Everam Thompson, at a depth of 190 feet. A strong flow was struck, throwing water and stones 40 feet high. After the upheaval subsided a pipe was inserted and a match applied, and a flame shot up to a height of thirty feet. The flame lights up the surrounding country, and can be seen for many miles. The owner of the well is a wealthy farmer, and is already talking of piping the gas for lighting and heating purposes.

MICHIGAN.

—At Grand Rapids, the body of Albert three-year-old son of Mike Drogaski, was found in a cistern.

—Rev. George A. Beattie has resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church of Lansing, and after resting several months he will drop into a paying pulpit in Cincin-—They could not find a young man and a maiden in all Genesee County who wanted a cooking stove badly enough to get married

at the fair and take the stove as a prize for doing it. -The "Saints," a new and inoffensive sect, are doing business at Dushville. The heal the sick, restore the blind, and do other such business as is commonally attended to by

-W. H. Sawyer, a Battle Breek man, recently married Mrs. E. B. Jackson, of Marshall, the bride wearing a heavy veil during the ceremony. It transpires that Jackson is

a full-blood negress. -Fred Trier, aged fifteen, employed with the Saginaw Manufacturing Company, accidentally fell down the elevator shaft, a distance of thirty feet. He struck on the temple, crushing in his skull. Death resulted almost instantly.

-Saginaw ladies have organized a secret prohitits the discussion of all gossip and scandal during the meeting. The bachelor editor of the Courier calls for heaven's choicest blessing upon the new departure.

—At Grand Rapids, Miss Millie Kalz, aged 18, a Telephone Exchange employe, took a dose of carbolic acid and died. She had expected to be married this fall but aer lover informed her that he would have to postpone it for three years. This is supposed to have warnied by any see her to take her life.

the home at Shelby in which she had lived

-A farmer named Miller from Chesaning,

a nother woman in Hillsdale county who uses INGHAM'S RICH HAUL.

—The Orion Lake Improvement Company has been incorporated by Frederick Woolfenden, William Livingston, Jr., and a number of others. The company has purchased Roberts' Island, in Orion Lake, and will at once plat and improve it and will build a number of cottages for summer residences. The company is stocked at \$20,000.

—Andrew Baird, of near Colon, is over ninety-two years old, and the folks thereabouts will wager that the old gentleman is the best man of his age in Michigan. He goes into the field occasionally and does a full day's work at whatever business the season demands. He also walks to and from the illage, a distance of three miles, once or twice

a week. -James W. Brown, the convicted bigamist, —James W. Brown, the convicted biganist, was sentenced to confinement in the state prison at Jackson for the period of four years and six months. The full penalty for his offense in Michigan is five years. Brown pleaded for a light sentence on account of his health, but it was proved that he lal eaten soap to give his face a pallid look and was in a fair state of h. alth.

—In Bay City has been discovered a woman named Jane Willis who is fifty-three years old, has been bedridden for twenty years, but who had been abandoned by her relatives, who recently moved out of their house and left har there to get along the best she could. She formerly lived in Livingston County, and her husband, who enlisted at the breaking out of the war, was never heard from after the first battle of Bull Run.

—At Grand Rapids, Roy Cummings, the fifteen-year-old son of Normon Cummings, limbed to the top of the Hydraulic Company's stand pipe, using a frail iron ladder that extends up the side to the height of 100 to the height of 100 to the companion of the side to the height of 100 to th feet. He started to come down, and was taken with a fit a few feet from the top. A companion who made the ascension with him tried to hold him, and called for assistance. No help was near and the boy's strength gave out. Cummings fell to the ground and was instantly killed. instantly killed

—The new City Hall was dedicated at Grand Rapids. The exercises opened at 7 o'clock with the blowing of whistles and the ringing of bells, continued all day and closed with a reception by Mayor J. M. Weston to the public When the continued all the public When the public with a reception by Mayor J. M. Weston to the public. The edifice was formally handed over to the municipality by Architect Meyers, of Detroit, and Contractor W. D. Richard-son, of Springfield, Ill. The new City Hall is Gothic in architecture, 170x96 feet on the ground and four stories high. The material is cut stone. The building was commenced is cut stone. The building was commenced in the spring of 1885. The total cost is \$310,-000, including \$45,237 for site.

INDIANA.

—An epidemic of typhoid-fever is raging at Montpelier. -Silas Baldwin, a prominent business man

of Elkhart, presented that city with a soldier's -M. M. Hinds, a wealthy and very popular young man of South Bend, was disemboweled by a mad bull at his farm near town. -In a head-end collision of two freight trains on the Nickel-Plate Road near Wabash,

everal cars were badly wrecked, but no lives -At South Bend Frank Kizer and Joseph chultz, who were implicated in the killing f Charles Zeitler, have given themselves up to the authorities.

An epidemic of diphtheria with a fatality

of 75 per cent, has broken out at Ind.an-apolis. The Board of Health is striving to —Joseph Targett, a miner, aged forty-five years, fell thirty-five feet from the upper to the lower vein in a mine east of Brazil. He

sustained serious injuries, from which he —A gas well with a capacity estimated at 9,000,000 feet daily was drilled in at Sweetzer, nine miles west of Marion. This makes twenty-five natural gas wells drilled in this county without a failure.

A granite monutary the numers of all the officers in containing the numers of all the officers in

-Richard Watson and John Hudson quar-—William George, a wealthy farmer of Basco, was robbed of \$1,200, He met a stranger, who said he lived in Bloomington and was looking for a farm for his sister. George said he had a farm to sell, and the stranger of the poisoning of the former's dog at Judson. Hudson stabbed Watson to the heart, killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested and put in the jail at Rockville.

—Joseph Rhodes, of Elkhart, and the

—Sylvester Grubb, who killed his sweetheart at the fair at Princeton, was brought to the State Prison South for safe keeping until Maj. R. Taylor Scott. Among other things, the time for his trial. The mob at Princeton had arranged to hang Grubb, and would probably have carried out their plan had the prisoner not been removed. prisoner not been removed.

—A very dangerous and malignant, disease, supposed to be the Texas fever, has developed in a large herd of catte near Evansville on the farm of County Commissioner Bower. State Veterinarian Pritchard, of Indianapolis, has been telegraphed for, and a strict cattle quarantine declared. Stockmen are greatly excited over the outbreak.

-Adam Lehr, a well-known farmer of Center Township, went to a neighbor's house for assistance in sickness. He rapped on a window and a boy inside, who mistook him for a burglar, fired a heavy charge of shot into his face. Both his eyes were torn out and he was otherwise so badly injured that he cannot live. that he cannot live.

--Edward Kennard, a seven-year-old boy of Columbus, is suffering from a peculiar case of blood poisoning. His father cut the bov's hair a few weeks ago, and in doing so poisoned his calp with his finger nails. The head soon became covered with sores and the bones of the skull have rotted. The boy is

action of the plaintiff in a divorce case, her husband, Jos. Corwin, having filed a suit for divorce, accusing her of running off to Tennesses with one Charles Suttles.

The horhood or had attempted to court them, but his suit was always rejected. Saturday evening Larkins offered himself, his team, his stock, and his farm to a neighbor's daughter, but she said "no." He then drew a razor from his pocket and exclaimed: "If you don't marry me I'll cut my throat." Larkins then

to arrest Albert Eaton, on the charge of havto arrest Albert Eaton, on the charge of having murdered Thomas Connaughton. Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. In Mary E. Johnston swore to the warrant on which the probable arrest will be made. She says that Eaton was jealous of the attentions his wife received from Connaughton. It was at Eaton's instance that a constable was endeavoring to arrest Connaughton when the made of the says that Eaton's instance that a constable was endeavoring to arrest Connaughton when the made of the says that Eaton's instance that a constable was endeavoring to arrest Connaughton when the made of the says that Eaton's instance that a constable was endeavoring to arrest Connaughton when the made of the says that Eaton's instance of him has since been discovered. For several days the woods and mountains have been explored without result. murder occurred. The crime var one of the great mysteries of that city.

blessing upon the new departure.

—At Grand Rapids, Miss Millie Kalz, aged 18. a Telephone Exchange employe, took a dose of carbolic acid and died. She had expected to be married this fall but her lover informed her that he would have to postpone it for three years. This is supposed to have worried her and caused her to take her life.

—The champion mean man of this state is —The champion mean man of this state is on the wing, and his name is Myron Howard. Howard got possession of and sold his eighty-year-old mother-in-law's property, and then skipped out. The victim of his meanness, Mrs. Samuel Brown, has been evicted from the howe at Shelby in which she had lived.

Mrs. Marker endeavored to throw it into the yard but in doing so set fire to her clothing as well as to that of Miss Bachelor. Both as well as to that of Miss Bachelor. Both that they can recover.

—The marital troubles of Hora e and Mamie Ellis, a respectable coupic living at

their only child by the mode.

—James Turner was shot and fatally wounded by his partner, James Harper. Both men live at Grand Rapids. Turner had won a small-sum of money from Harper, which so enraged the latter that he drew a revolver and fired, inflicting a wound from the effects of which Turner will die. Harper the effects of which Turner will die. Harper

How a New York Sharper Swindled Gullible Countrymen Out of \$100,000.

By Paying Big Dividends Out of the Capital a Multitude Are Induced to Take Stock.

One of the biggest swindling schemes that ave been worked in New York for many years has been brought to light by the disappearance of William H. Ingham and the closing of the brokerage office of "W. H. Ingham & Co.," at \$8 Broadway. From present indications the losses of victims of the speculative mania will aggregate more than \$100,000. He made his appearance in New York in April, 1887, and opened the office of W. H. Ingham & Co. at 40 Broadway. Advertisements were put in provincial papers ealling attention to the immense profits to be gained by investing in W. H. Ingham & Co.'s "speculative syndicate." The "syndicate" was described as a mutual pool, which was to operate in stocks, bonds, and grain under the direction of W. H. Ingham & Co. The shares ere to cost \$10 cach, the capital stock was to be \$25,000, and the managers were to withhold 30 per cent of the gross profits as a return for their trouble.

The unwary nibbled at the bait, sent in their 10-dollar bills, and Ingham & Co. were soon making money fast. Pretty soon the new concern secured thousands of names to which their circulars were mailed. Before long agents began to work. They were promised \$1 on every share of stock they should sell and were allowed to deduct their commission before forwarding the purchase money. As each subscriber was favored with W. H. Ingham & Co.'s check for 52 per cent of his investments, less 50 per cent commission, the deluded members flattered themsolves that they had struck a good thing. Most of them promptly subscribed for additional stock, and advised their friends to invest. When the June statement came along it showed that the month's profit was 36 per cent, and as far as can be ascertained checks for that amount, less the commission. were also forthcoming.

The business grew with a rush, and by and by the successful operators had to hire several ladies to direct and seal their thousands of circulars. Of course the "profits" were all purely imaginary. Dividends were paid out of the money invested by the dupes. Last April the business had so increased that they removed to two large rooms in the second story of 38 Broadway. Their statements announced that the managers had increased the capital stock to \$50,000. The mailed received was of enormous proportions.

While Ingham's business was booming and letters, telegrams, and eash daily pouring in he was making preparations to close up shop. Last Saturday he mailed a card to his victims reviewing the career of the syndicate and announcing that in consequence of members' solicitations he had met with heavy losses, which had forced him to "suspend, with the loss of everything." All his checks were drawn on either the seaboard National bank or on the United States National bank.

The officers of these banks were reticent, but admitted that Ingham had had large accounts with them. They said, however, that fine it to the southwestern portion of the they knew nothing about him. There are some reasons for thinking that Ingham came to New York from Chicago.

IN HONOR OF GEN. PICKETT.

—Wildan Johnson, a well-known young man living at Ossian, ten miles south of Fort Wayne, dropped dead at that place. He was driving a milk wagon at the time, and was found in the wagon dead.

containing the names of all the officers in Pickett's brigade, erected by the Pickett's Brigade association to the memory of Gen. George E. Pickett, was unveiled Friday by found in the wagon dead. ontaining the names of all the officers in Mrs. Jacob Frischmeyer, who lived twelve miles east of La Fayette, was thrown from a wagon while returning to her home. Her head struck a stone, and her skull was fractured. Her injuries proved fatal. guests of the Lee camp of Richmond. Ex-Gov. Curtin, Pennsylvania's war governor. Editor McClure, of Philadelph'a, Mrs. Pickett, and other prominent people were pres-

Joseph Rhodes, of Elkhart, aged 66 years. Before the march to Gettysburg hill trouble died after remaining without a particle of arose between the Union Veterans and the food for ten weeks and taking only a small ex-confederates of Lee camp, the former requantity of wine or water at a time. He is not known to have had any disease, but absother federal flag, which had been loaned them with the understanding that it was not -At Terre Haute. Professor Kilbourne, a to be borne in a procession in which that flag music teacher, was shot in the shoulder by two men who attaked him on his way home. There is no clue to the men, but it is supposed they were waiting for the Prosecuting Attorney, who passed soon after.

There is no clue to the men, but it is supposed they were waiting for the Prosecuting Attorney, who passed soon after.

union under the federal constitution as we read it and the forefathers who made it taught us to construe it. We believed, and to-day believe, that the cause of Virginia and the scuth was just. We appealed to the sword, and by the judgment rendered we stand true to our manhood, without apologies, and point to the past as a pledge of lovalty in the

Cordial and fraternal words of welcome to

NOBODY WOULD HAVE HIM.

er 35 years old. It is said he had paid atten-At Shelbyville Mrs, Mollie Corwin, whose tion to nearly every young lady in the neigh-Officers left Indianapolis for Richmond marry me I'll cut my throat." Larkins then drove away returning to his farm. He dis-

PREACHERS FALL OUT.

charge of plagiarism on the Rev. H. E. Mott of the Second Presbyterian church in using portions of sermons delivered by the Rev. Talmage. The substance of the charge has The marital troubles of Hora e and Mamie Ellis, a respectable couple living at Indianapolis, culminated in the kidnaping of their only child by the mother and her flight over by Mr. Mott and Mr. Brown, who felt that the cause of religion was being greatly damaged by this attack on Mr. Mott.

SWORE HER BLOOD WAS TAINTED

The latter reported that the mother and child were missing.

A White Woman Saves Herself and Her Negro Husband in Court.

45 A farmer named Miller from Chesaning, was going to Vernon, Ohio, with his family and \$900, the proceeds of the sale of his farm.

45 At Toledo he was swindled out of the entire sum by a couple of sharpers to whom he lent it on the security of a worthless 2,000 certificate, to pay charges on a trunk they represented to be full of money.

550

-Mrs. William Witter, of Mosherville, has been taken to the Hillsdale County poor house, insane. Although less than thirry years old and possessed of ordinary intelligence, Mrs. Witter is a victim of the tobacco habit, and has for several years chewed, smoked and snuffed. There is probably not

goodness and found it so high he apostrophized: "Thy faithfulness reacheth unto the clouds." As sometimes there are thousands of fleeces of vapors scurrying across the heavens, so, says Isaiah, will be the converts in the millenium "as clouds and as doves." As in the wet season no sooner does the sky clear than there comes another obscuration, so, says Solomon, one ache or allment of old folks has no more than gone than another pain comes "as clouds return in the rain." A column of illumined cloud led the Israelites across the wilderness. In the book of Job Elihu, watching the clouds, could not understand why they did not fall or why they did not all roll together, the laws of evaporation and condensation then not being understood, and he cries out: "Dost thou know the balancing of the clouds!" When I read my text it suggests to me that the clouds are the Creator's equipage, and their whirling masses are the wheels, and the tongue of the cloud is the pole of the celestial vehicle and cloud is the pole of the celestial vehicle and the winds are the harnessed steeds, and God

the winds are the harnessed steeds, and God is the royal occupant and driver "who maketh the clouds his chariot."

To understood the palmist's meaning in the text you must know that the chariot of old was sometimes a sculptured brilliancy made out of ivory, sometimes of solid silver, and rollen on two wheels which were fastened to rollen on two wheels which were fastened to the axle by stout pins, and the awful defeat of Oenomaus by Pelops was caused by the fact that a traitorous chariotzer had inserted a linch pin of wax instead of a linch pin of iron. All of the six hundred chariots of Pharaoh lost their linch pins in the Red sea, for the Bible says: "The Lord took off their wheels." Look at the long flash of Solomon's fourteen hundred chariots, and the thirty thousand chariots of the Philistines. If you have ever visited the buildings where a king have ever visited the buildings where a king or queen keeps the coaches of state, as I have, you know that kings and queens have great "This is the state carriage and used only on great occasions." "This is the coronation carriage and in it the king rode on the day he took the throne." "In this the queen went to open parliament. "This is the coach in took the throne." In this is the queen went to open parliament. "This is the coach in which the czar and the sultan rode on the oc-casion of their visit." All costly and tesse-lated and enriched and emblazoned are they, and when the driver takes the reins of the and when the driver takes the reins of the ten white horses in his hands, and amid amounted troops and bands in full force sounding the national air, the splendor starts and rolls on under arches entwined with banners, and amid the huzza of hundreds of thousands of spectators the scene is memorable. But my text puts all such occasions that insgnifegures as it represents the King of the Universe coming to the door of his palace and the gilded vapors of the heavens rolling up to his feet, and he, stepping in and taking the reins of the galloping winds in his hand, starts in triumphal ride under the symbol of somphing and over the atmospheric

My hearers, do not think that God belittles most wondrous and majestiic things in the whole universe? Do you know that they are flying lakes and rivers and oceans? God waved his hand over them and said, "Come up higher!" and they obeyed the mandate. That cloud, instead of being, as it seems a small gathering of vapors a few yards wide and high, is really seven or eight miles across, and is a mountain, from its base to its top 15,000 feet, 18,000 feet, 20,000 feet, and through with ravines 5,000 feet deep. No, David did not make a fregile or unworthy David did not make a fragile or unworthy representation of God in the text when he spoke of the clouds as his chariot. But as I suggested in the case of an earthly king, he has his morning cloud chariot and his evening cloud chariot—the cloud chariot in which he wade down to Sing to one the law and the rode down to Sinai to open the law, and the cloud chariot in which he rode down to Ta-bor to honor the Gospel, and the cloud chariot

in which he will come to judgment.

When he rides out in his morning chariot at this season, about 6 o'clock, he puts golden coronets on the dome of cities, and silvers the rivers, and out of the dew makes a diamond ring for the finger of every grass blade, and bids good cheer to invalids who in the night said: "Would God it were morning." From this morning cloud chariot he distributes light—light for the earth and light for the heavens, light for the land and light for the sea, great bars of it, great wreaths of it, a world full of it. Hail him in worship as every morning he drives out in his chariot of every morning he drives out in his chariot of morning cloud, and cry with David: "My voice shalt thou hear in the morning; in the morning will I direct my prayer unto the and look up." I rejoice in these Scripture ejaculations: "Joy cometh m the morning," "My soul waiteth for thee more than they that watch for the morning," "If I take the wing of the morning," "The eyelids of the morning," "The morning cometh," "Who is she that looketh forth as the morning?" "His going forth is prepared as the morning," "As sne that tooked form as the morning?" "His going forth is prepared as the morning," "As the morning spread on the mountains," "That thou shouldst visit him every morning." What a mighty thing the King throws

Yea: he has his evening cloud chariot. It Yea; he has his evening cloud chariot. It is made out of the saffron and the gold and the purple and the orange and the vermilion and upshot flame of the sunset. That is the place where the splendors that have marched through the day, having ended the procession, throw down their torches and set the heavens on fire. That is the only hour of the day when the atmosphere is clear enough to let us see the wall of the heavenly city with its twelve manner of

heavenly city with its twelve manner of precious stones, from foundation of jasper to middle strata of sardiu and on up to the coping of amethyst. At that hour, without any of Elisha's supernatural vision, we see horses of fire and chariots of fire and banners of fire and ships of fire and cities of fire.sees of fire and ships of fire and cities of fire, seas of fire, and it seems as if the last conflagration all kneel. Another day past, what have we done with it? Another day dead, and this is its gorgeous catafalque. Now is the time for what David called the "evening sacrifice," or what David called the "evening oblation." Oh! oh! what a chariot made out of evening cloud! Have you hung over the taffrail on the ocean and seen this cloudy vehicle roll

While the combined forces of the universe in battle array could not stop his black chariot a second or diverge it an inch, the driver of that chariot says, "Call upon me in the day of trouble and I will deliver thee," "While they are yet speaking I will hear." Two wheeled chariot, one wheel justice and the other wheel mercy. Aye, they are swift wheels. A cloud, whether it belongs to the cirrhus, the clouds that float the hignest; or belongs to the stratus, the central ranges; or wheels. A cloud, whether it belongs to the cirrhus, the clouds that float the hignest; or belongs to the stratus, the central ranges; or to the cumulus, the lowest ranges, seems to move slowly along the sky, if it moves at all. But many of the clouds go at a speed that would seem lethargic a vestibule limited lightning express train, so swift is the chariot of our God—yea, swifter than the storm, swifter than the light. Yet a child ten years old has been known to reach up, and with the hand of prayer take the courser of that chariot by the bit and slow it up, or stop it, or turn it aside, or turn it back. The boy Samuel stopped it. Elijah stopped it. Hezekiah stopped it. Elijah stopped it. Hosphalistopped it. Mary stopped it. My father stopped it. My mother stopped it. My father stopped it. We have in our Sabbath schools children who again and again have stopped it.

Notice that these old time chariots, which my text uses for symbol, had what we would

my text uses for symbol, had what we would call a high dashboard at the front, but were open behind. And the king would stand at the dashboard and drive with his own hands. the dashboard and drive with his own hands. And I am glad that he, whose chariot the clouds are, drives himself. He does not let natural law drive, for natural law is deaf. He does not let fate drive, for fate is merciless. But our Father King drives himself, and he puts his loving hand on the reins of the flying coursers and he has a loving ear. the flying coursers, and he has a loving open to the cry of all who want to catch attention. Oh, I am so glad that my Fat reaks, the wildest and most raging circum or early in the season and while there was much saw to his horror that the ice was closing in such that the ice was consinguished by the season and while there was much ice. When they were well out the captain saw to his horror that the ice was closing in the part of the way out the saw to his horror that the ice was closing in the part of the way out the saw him town all sides and he saw no way out saw to his nortor that the fee was closing in on him from all sides, and he saw no way out from destruction and death. He called into the cabin the passengers and all the crew that could be spared from their posts, and told them that the ship must be lost unless God interposed, and although he was not a Christian way he said "Let us nray," and they ian man, he said, "Let us pray," and the ill knelt asking God to come for their deli prance. They went back to the deck and the man at the wheel shouted: "All right, cap" s blowing nor' by nor'west now.' wind canged and blew the ice out of the way. The mate asked: "Shall I put on more sail, cap'n?" "No!" responded the captain. "Don't touch her. Some one else is managing this ship." Oh, men and women, shut in on all sides by icy troubles and misfortunes, in earnest prayer put all your affairs in the hands of God. You will come out all right. Some one else is managing the ship! It did not merely happen so that when Leyden was besiged, and the Duke of Alva felt sure of his triumph, suddenly the wind turn. sure of his triumph, suddenly the wind turn-ed, and the swollen waters compelled him to ed, and the swonen waters compened him to stop the siege, and the city was saved. God that night drove along the coast of the Neth-erlands in a black chariot of storm cloud. It did not merely happen so that Luther rose from the place where he was sitting just in time to keep from being crushed by a stone that the instant after fell on the very spot. Had he not escaped where would have been the Reformation? It did not merely happen so that Columbus was saved from drowning by an oar that was floating on the waters. Otherwise, who would have unveiled America? It did not merely happen so that when George Washington was in Brooklyn a great fog settled down over all the place where this church stands, and over all this end of Long Island, so that under that for he and his army, escened from the that fog he and his army escaped from the clutches of Gens. Howe and Clinton. In a chariot of mist and cloud the God of American independence rode along here. On that pillow of consolation I put down my head to sleep at night. On that solid foundation I build when I see this nation in political paroxysm every four years, not because they care two cents about whether it is high tariff or low tariff at all, but only whether the Democrats or Republicans shall have the salaried officers. Yea, when European nations are holding their breath, wondering whether Russia or Germany will ering whether Russia or Germany will launch a war that will incarnadine a con-tinent, I fall back on the faith that my Father drives. Yea, I cast this as an anchor, and plant this as a column of strength, and lift this as a telescope, and build this as a fortress, and propose without any perturbation to

clouds that you see in summer are far the bases of some of them five miles above earth. High on the highest peaks of Andes travelers have seen clouds far high But there are clouds that touch the earth and discharge their rain, and, though the clouds out of which God's chariot is made may sometimes be far away, often they are close by, and touch our shoulders and they touch our homes, and they touch us all over I have read of two rides that the Lord tool in two different chariots of clouds, and of another that he will take. One day, in a chariot of clouds that were a mingling of fog, smoke and fire, God drove down to the top of a terealled Jebel-Musa, then called Mount Sinai, and he stepped out of his chariot among the split shelvings of rock. The mountain shook as with an ague, and there were ten volleys of thunder, each of the ten emphasizing a tremendous "Thou shalt" or "Then shalt not." Then the Lord resumed his chariot of cloud and drove up the hills of heaven. They were dark and portentious clouds that made that

aunch upon an unknown future triumphant n the fact that my father drives. Yes, he rives very near. I know that many of the

THE CLOUD CHARIOT.

Brutes Constructed to Look Down, Man Alon to Look Up.

Ged Does Not Relittle Himself When Brate Conveyance.

The lymns ung at the opening of the western of the window of the third of the third

Charlots of cloud a lead of the King, charlots of clouds following the King. Upward and apast starry hosts and through immensities and across infinitudes, higher, higher, higher, unto the gates, the shining gat s. Lift up your heads, ye everlasting gat ts, for him who maketh the clouds his char, and who. naketh the clouds his char. anl who invites us to mount and ride with him.

A Wedding With No Gifts.

Guests invited to one of the prettiest weddings of the week were surprised to read in one corner of the dainty wedding cards, "No gifts," engraved in a quaint arabesque scroll, which perforce attracted attention. It required some independence of charactto established custom in such a matter, but the dimpled little bride, who looks more like a sweet plump, pink and white, grown-up baby than a person of strong-mined proclivities, announced to her friends when they questioned her decision: "I won't make my marriage to Archie a donation party where all the parish bring in this, that, and the other to patch up the salary. We have a circle of 300 or 400 friends, and everybody knows love us, but because it is the proper thing, and even if they can't the outlay they mustn't be outdone by

rich Mrs. A. or Mrs. B." Society people have indeed pushed the gift business hard within a few seasons, until there are dozens and scores of young married couples who pinch themselves during Lent and dread the coming of June because of the draft the Faster and early summer weddings make on their incomes: If matters go on as they are doing now there may some time be a spring exodus from New York into the country and to Europe comparable to the flight of the May tax dodgers from Boston, to escape paying the debts of honor accu- coats. mulated in the shape of 200 or 300 marriage of the givers .- New York

"Little John at Chickamauga." There is said to have been a boy volunteer in one of the Ohio regimentsin the Army of the Cumberland who had enlisted at the age of about 12 years. He was generally known as "Clem," which seems to have been his real name, but some of the soldiers gave him the name of "Little John." He was a great pet of the soldiers, and with a child's recklessness, was always eager to be in the heat of danger. The story is that in the battle of Chicamauga he was in the very thickest of the fight, and had had three bullets through his hat, when he got separated from his company. A mounted Confederate officer saw him running across an open space of ground with a musket in his hand, and shouted, "Stop, you little Yankee devil!" The boy halted and brought his gun to order and the Colonel rode toward him to make him prisoner. Little John then, with a quick movement, brought up his gun and fired, killing the officer instantly. For this exploit the boy was made a sergeant, put on duty at headquarters, and received a medal of honor. He grew to manhood, and some years after the c'ose of the war obtained position in one of the departments

The German army used the needle gun, which is a breech-loading rifle, with a caliber of six-tenths of an inch. The French army uses the Chassepot rifle, also a breech-loader, with a caliber of rather more than four-tenths of an inch. The United States has recently adopted the Springfield rifle for all of its troops. Germany's largest guns are of thirty-six tons; France has three of seventy-four tons.

By the development of natural gas Kokomo in one year's time has secured ten factories with an aggregate capital of \$600,000, producing in value nearly \$1,000,000 yearly, employing 900 hands, with a weekly pay roll of \$10,000. Furthermore, she has secured an investment of half a million dollars in realty, has built 500 new residences and business houses, and has

The knitted Tam O'Shanter cap in red, white or blue, or the three colors combined, is the most correct and be-

FASHION'S FANCIES.

The Latest.

A picnic dress is considered a diffistriped pink and white, blue and white, house. or ecrue and white zephyr gingham, trimmed with real torchon lace, or fine white embroidery. An embroidered bronze and gold beads, or else has a will trim the straw hat.

occasion; but if woolen material is ing to the foot as a close-fitting tie. shoulders. It will not soil or show always heen considered a mark of perly cleaned.

or wool is very pretty. The stripes button a shoe, thus enlarging its apare red and white and the apron is ar- pearance, has ever remained a mysranged to form a sash-like drapery at tery. the back. The full skirt is of white are of canvas, and they are worn with usually has the buckle.

red stockings. simple matter. It consists of a "jer- be seen on the streets, the canvas sey" with striped vest and lower sleeve, matching in color, the costume. The a novelty that is very effective. The cream white jerseys are preferred, with blue and white, or red and white vest and half sleeve, and a regular naval cap accompanies these very stylish boating costumes, which are usually finished by a cream-colored flannel skirt with suggestions by the stripe between the plaits and striped sash. Among the novelties imported this season are silk sashes for boating and others for tennis costumes, with hats or oars brocaded between the stripes.

more real and sensible participation on high heels all the time, and so for in outdoor sports, the dress is becoming less fanciful and more real, better | feeling of security, than to be wholly adapted for use, comfort and protection. Superfluities are gotten rid of, teetering stilts from only using them and all those minor accessories, or half the time. odds and ends of costume which were formerly considered indispensible. A mauves, so much worn in gowns, girl's dress for tennis, boating, for all gray undressed kid slippers are parbut walking, practically stand as little

in her way as that of a man. Knox sailor hats are beginning to appear. Of course, every sailor is with a gray, an æsthetic green, or pale called a Knox, but the real ones are easily told by the peculiar straw braids. They are as often trimmed this season server will feel sure her shoe matches with a band of oriental embroidery on her costome each time. white cloth and with bows and loops of the same, intermingled with roses shoe makes the foot look larger, but and rose leaves, as with ribbons. So this seems to be a fallacy. far the trimming is still massed high in front, though constant threats appear that it will soon "fall to the rear."

er and some self-denial to go counter big hat remains the white lilac, and the clusters are so large that they look | in the house, especially by women who among the foilage. color Cambric shirts with embroidered smart.

cuffs and collars are to be worn with colored skirts and under dust cloaks for traveling.

A very good innovation that, and worthy of all women to be received; remember the long, hot days on the cars last year, and provide a comfortable, neat cambric shirt for such occasions.

Striped zephyr ginghams, too, would be good.

When loose fronts were first introduced it was generally remarked that they might be all very well for house wear, but certainly would never be adapted for the street.

Such prophets must see evidences ionably worn. every day of their mistaken judgment. Loose fronts are quite as much worn in street costumes as in house dresses. The polonaise, which is loose from the throat and buttons way over on one hip, is the most fashionable cut of all. Even tailors see the necessity of conforming to fashion's caprice, and use this loose effect in their polonaise

A costly and beautiful garment, rewedding gifts, to be returned at the cently sent home, was a navy-blue serge polonaise long enough to conceal the entire under-toilet from throat to hem, fitting the figure perfectly, except four inches in the front -in fact, the distance from one front dart to the other-where a good deal of fullness hung to some three or four inches below the waist-line. This was then dresses. draped back and fastened high on the left hip with an immense ornament of silver braid, whose balls and tassels hung almost to the hem of the coat. The right side of the waist, from which the fullness fell to the left side, was perfectly plain, but the left side was one solid mass of silver braid from collar to the drapery just below the waist. A braided collar and cuffs were the other trimmings; the draperies in the back were without looping, a la princesse. This was the most effective and novel garment shown this

One of the novelties of the season is the use of small felt or stitched cloth hats, in the form of English graved, more yet studded with jewels, walking hats or toques. They are to be worn for traveling and for the street, as well as for driving. Nothing looks more genteel than these when driving in a Stanhope gig or a small phæton. These establishments are so noticeable in themselves that a woman should use special care to make her toilet quiet yet perfectly good form, and as the vehicles are thoroughly English, English fashions go well with them.

Flannel shirt-waists are almost invariably made of striped goods, to be worn with plain skirts or any skirt. Striped skirts, except in zephpr cloth, are not considered as good style. One of the new ideas in dressmaking is to bind the edges of skirts with with a moire ribbon, and perhaps some narrow bias band of velvet in place of using a skirt braid, it being claimed as a reason that the velvet does not walking boots. If the idea proves as good as seamstresses and dressmakers think it will, it will be a boon to slender pursed women, the bottoms of whose skirts often wear holes in the leather over the instep long before the remainder of the shoe is half gone. Persons whose allowance for dress is limited will find, if they have not tender feet, that the canvas tennis shoe at \$2 a pair is very suitable for country wear and saves the walking boot greatly. With tender feet the canvas high French heels and the very low,

in which case such economies are usually thrown to the winds.

Fashion in Shoes.

Never did the foot covering demand cult dress to manage, because of the greater attention than to-day. Black possibilities of weather; but these are leather ties and boots and slippers are at least measurably provided for, by utterly passe, though it must be contaking a water-proof, and having shel- fessed, sub rosa, they have a very ladyter close at hand. For the rest, don't like appearance. Russett and tanstart on a picnic unless all the signs colored leather low shoes are the rage are favorable. A cotton dress is the for street wear, while bronze and unprettiest and best for a picnic, a dressed kid are the craze for the

Bronze leather leads the popular fancy, and is usually ornamented with muslin scarf, and spray of white lilac, large gold buckle. The strap shoe is most advantageous for showing off a Avoid sad colored stuffs for such an fine stocking, but it is not as becompreferred to cotton choose a shepherd Bronze boots are invariably laced. check, and trim it with traces of black Buttons have lost their success-a velvet and velvet bows high upon the good thing, too, for a small ankle has stain like a plain material and is easi- sonal beauty, and why fashion should persist in putting a double piece of A new tennis dress is striped zephyr leather half way round it in order to

Bronze tips and brown, undressed silk, and the hat has a fisherman's kid uppers are also good styles, as are crown over the straw one and red and patent leather tips and gray or brown white band. The spiked tennis shoes suede uppers. This style of low shoe

Tennis shoes of canvas, with tan or A regular boating costume is a very russet leather straps, are beginning to wearer will show better taste to keep these canvas shoes for the purpose they were designed for and for shipboard. They have one good feature for which they may be forgiven much else. The heels are low and broad, if they appear at all. In fact, broad heels are seen on most of the low shoes for summer wear.

But for house shoes save the mark! Louis XV. is nowhere! The heels are higher and smaller than ever. These two fashions are very unwise, for it It is gratifying to note that with is undoubedly better to topple about mere custom's sake have a certain ill at ease and awkward on the little

With the grays, and greens, and iclurly effective. So little can we depend on our eyes for color, that a woman may wear the same gray shoe mauve toilet, and so perfect will be the blending of shades that the ob-

There is an old theory that a tight

Gray shoes may have either an oldfashioned large silver buckle or be embroidered in steel. Steel embroid-The favorite flower for an all-white, ery on black is no longer worn. Red morocco shoes are much worn

like huge feathery plumes nestled affect black toilets, this bit of bright color being then considered very

Fashion Notes.

Rose weddings are fashionable. Flower clusters are veiled with tulle Black lace toilets are as popular as

English blouse waists are in high favor. Velvet revers are added to gingham

dresses. There is a revival of accordion-plaited skirts.

Draped corsages seldom have both sides alike. Both high and low collars are fash-

Sleeves are more frequently puffed above than below the elbow. Pale pink and olive checked ginghams are worn by school-girls.

For boys from 3 to 7 nothing is more popular than the sailor suit. Gray, blue, and red is the fashionable combination in dress just now.

Moire is now preferred to surah as the foundation for black lace dresses. Accordion pleated blouses and skirts Large directoire bonnets do not find

favor in New York except for carriage Silk knife plaiting, which turns over like a frill, is used in the necks of

The Kerry or Irish peasant cloak, in light-weight flannel serge, is an excellent steamer wrap. Ribbons not more than three inches

wide are used for sashes which tie in front and at the side.

Hat pins, tipped with pearls, now have numerous bright-hued inserts clustered near the head.

French modistes are making corsages of faille or of velvet gowns in the Henri Deux fashion. Pretty evening dresses for girls are

made with lace, alternating with gold or silver embroidered ribbons. Balls of gold, some plain, more en-

are favorite pins for yellow hair. The Empire scarf is Worth's latest essay in the direction of the revival of Directory and First Empire styles.

Fine armure silks in bird's-eye patterns are in the French looms, in preparation for next season's wear.

Gowns of Turkey red cotton, trimmed with ficelle gray or ecru laces, make pretty country suits for morning wear. Smocked or tucked blouses of light

surah or China silk and of wash fabrics are popular and pretty for house wear. Black armure grenadine is worn trimmed with a great deal of narrow

flounces of lace. The prettiest bandanas are of bloodred China silk, dotted with white, in

rub and wear the upper leather in square blocks that run diagonally across the square. Aprons are embroidered with large wafer or dots of chain-stitched silk.

> worked round and round, and scattered all over the surface. The latest bridal robe is made with a low neck, but it is worn over a high guimpe or inside kerchief of rich lace

or fine cut work embroidery. Heels of medium height, a compromise between the uncomfortable is apt to draw and make life a burden broad heels of English boots.

THE CAMP FIRE.

A Soldier's Memory.

There were some business men and newspaper man or two and an exdetective, Jay M. Scott. But few subjects had been touched upon when some one spoke of the passing away of the old soldiers, the fact being of course recalled by the death of Gen. Sheridan.

"I was with Sheridan," said Jay Scott, "at Winchester." "Were you at the front, Jay?" was

queried.

"Yes," was the reply, in low tones, as though memory was traveling back, "and although I don't look much like one now, with my weight so well up, one now, with my weight so well up, I was in the cavalry. Another thing, I guess I stand pretty high up on the list of 'youngest soldiers,' though I've never said anything about it when the discussions have been on. I was born Feb. 7, 1850, and in January, 1864, when within a month of being fourwhen within a month of being four-teen years old. I enlisted in the teen years old. I enlisted in the Battle of Winchester, Va. Sept. 2, 1804 Battle of Winchester, Va. Sept. 19, 1864 Battle of Fisher's Hill, Va. Sept. 20, 1864 Battle of Fisher's Hill, Va. Sept. 20, 1864 Custer's brigade. I came off my father's farm, and was a pretty busky lad, weighing then about 140. The first battle I saw was that of the Wilderness, May 7 and 8, 1864. The Twenty-second fought dismounted, every fourth man being detailed to hold horses. We lost all our horses and one-third of our company. We were also engaged at Wincyester, Cedar Creek, Fisher's Hill, Staunton, Dec. 19, 1864. Battle of Fisher's Hill, Va. Sept. 20, 1864. Battle of Gedar Creek, Va. Oct. 19, 1864. Nevada admitted to the Union. Oct. 31, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 13, 1865. Columbia, S. C., taken. Jan. 15, 1865. Battle of Fisher's Hill, Va. Sept. 20, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Columbia, S. C., taken. Jan. 15, 1865. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Columbia, S. C., taken. Jan. 15, 1865. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1865. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1865. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1864. Fort McAllister, Ga., taken. Dec. 15, 1865. Battle of Franklin, Tenn. Nov. 29, 1 Cedar Creek, Fisher's Hill, Staunton, and at the Waynesborough Road. I was on picket duty when Early's men attacked our camp at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, 1864, and got away with the rest of the boys, until Sheridan galloped up and reformed us. I remember the incident of that affair was put into verse by a private of the Fifth Connecticut Cavairy. I had the original composition for years, but have mislaid it somewhere, though I know it by heart."

Here, in response to a general demand to "give it to us." Jay braced himself, and spoke his piece as fol-

Old Early camped at Fisher's Hill Resolved some Yankee blood to spill. He close his time when Phil was gone The Yankee camp to fall upon. At night, like the fof sease bereft, He marched his troops around our left, With orders strict unto his boys, To nothing take to make a noise.

While they were on their mission bent We Yanks were sleeping in our tents,
Unt I the rebs, with reusing volley,
Warne I us to sleep was death and folly.
Old Early did as he hap planned,
Surprising Crook and his command,
Who had not time he slines to form,
So ynden came the rebel storm. So sudden came the rebel storm.

Get out of the way, says General Early, I've come to drive you from this vailey.

At the rising of the sun Old Early though it jovial fun, But General Grover, bless his name, Said he would help him play the game. He formed his line the pike along To check old Early and his throng, And here he held the rebs at bay Till he was flanked from every way.

But as the day is almost lost, God sends a re-enforcing host;
The host He sends is but one man,
And that the noble Sheridan.
On, on he comes with lightning speed.
Crying, Who has done this awful deed!
He had better fare near Southern skies
Who dare my sleeping camp surprise.

Get out of the way, says Phil to Early, You've come too late to get the valley.

And then another shout was heard, And licerty was the rallying word, And every heart was filled with pride To see their gallant leader ride, Saying, Form quick, boys, we'll the fight re

And see what right with might can do, By night our camp we will regain And vengeance have for those who are slain.

Then or lers flew from left to right And glorious was the evening sight When rebels fled mid cannon's roar Losing all they'd gained and thousands more Around their flanks brave Custer flew As other cavalry ne'er could do, Capturing guns well-nigh three score, Including those we'd lost before.

Three cheers for Emory, Crook, and Wright, Tolbert, Merritt, and General Dwight, Three for Custer and his command Our Union and General Sheridan.
God bless our Nation and her sons;
And may this bloody war be done;
May North and South united stand,
As once they were, a happy band.

When the ex-cavalryman was in light wool fabrics are both popular. through, and had been thanked for his been published. How do I remember it? Well, I'll tell you. I got the original copy and learned it. At the close of the war I went back to school, and when the time came for me to speak a piece at the close of school I recited that. Did it go well? Well, I should think it did in those days. Some of you 'literary fellers' may find fault with the rhyme and meter in spots, but I tell you the details given in the piece are actually correct, as any soldier will recognize, and that composition of the Fifth Connecticut cavalryman carries me away more than Buchanan Reed's poem does."

History at a Glance.

Abraham Lincoln inaugurated, March 4, 186 Fort Sumter fired upon. Fort Sumter captured.. First bloodshed in war. Battle of Big Bethel, Va... Battle of Bull Run, Va... Gen. Lyon killed..... Port Royal S. C., taken..... Seizure of Mason and Slidell. Seizure of Mason and Siddell ... Nov. 5, 1861
Fort Henry taken ... Feb. 6, 1862
Roanoke Island, N. C., taken ... Feb. 8, 1862
Fort Donelson, Tenn., taken ... Feb. 16, 1862
Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark ... March 7, 1862
Battle of Monitor and Merrimac, March 9, 1862
Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston
killed ... April 6, 1862
Battle of Shiloh ... April 6, 1862

New Orleans captured. Feaufort, N. C., captured... Forktown, Va., taken.... Norfork, Va., surrendered... Corinth, Miss., taken.... Memphis, Tenn., surrendered... Seven days' battles....June 2 endered...June 6, ..June 25, July 1, Battle of Biehmond, Ky......Aug.30 1
Battle of Chantilly, Va......Sept. 1, 1
Battle of South Mountain, Md. Sept 14, 1 Harper's Ferry surrendered Sept. 15,
Battle of Antietam, Md Sept. 17,
Battle of Iuka, Miss Sept. 19,
Battle of Corinth, Miss Oct. 4, Battle of Perryville, Ky. Oct. 8, 1862
Roseerans supersedes Buell. Oct. 30, 1862
Battle of Fredericksburg, Va. Dec. 13, 1862
First attack on Vicksburg. Dec. 29, 1862
Battle of Murfreesboro Dec. 31, 1862. Jan. 2, 1863 Emancipation Proclamation...Jan. 1, 1863

Battle of Gettysburg, Pa. Vicksburg, Miss., surrendered. ...July 4, 1863 Port Hudson surrendered. ...July 8, 1863 Draft riot in New York City, July 13-16, 1863

Draft riot in New York City July 13-16, 1863
Mississippi River open to gulf. July 14, 1863
Quantrell's massacre at Lawrence,
Kas. Aug. 21, 1863
Fort Wagner, S. C., taken. Sept. 7, 1863
Battle of Cumberland Gap,
Tenn. Sept. 9, 1863
Battle of Chickamauga, Ga. Sept. 19-20, 1863
Brig.-Gen. Lytle killed Sept. 20, 1863
Battle of Chattanooga. Nov. 24-25, 1864
Fort de Russy captured March 14, 1864
Fort Pillow, Tenn., captured April 12, 1864
Butler landed at Bermuda Hundred. May 5, 1864 .May 5, 1864 dred......May 5, 1864 Battle of Wilderness, Va.....May 5-6, 1864

Battle of Winderness, va. May 6, 1864
Battle of Spottsylvania May 8-12, 1864
Battle of Resaca May 14-15, 1864
Battle of Newmarket May 15, 1864
Battle of Dallas May 25-28, 1864
Battle of Cold Harbor June 3, 1864
Battle of Loct Mountain June 15-17, 1864

A Good War Story.

Said Congressman Cummings, of New York, at a recent Washington dinner: It was the Monday night after Chancellorville, and they were trying to force us back into the Rappahanock at Bank's Ford. It was a nasty night, very dark, and the bullets wese dropping around with rather too much persistency for comfort. As I stooped down to bring the heads of any rebs who might be in view against the horizon, I saw a ragged cap outlined against the sky. The silhoutte was strong enough for me to see that both cap and wearer were rebs and that they were inside our lines. Calling a comrade, I waited until Johnny Reb was quite close, and stepping up, one on each side, we made him a prisoner. He was a queer specimin. On his back was a knapsack of untanned hide, and boots of the same style hung from his belt. We took him into camp and all sat around awhile. The reb was moody and melancholy. His capture evidently greatly effected him. Finally I said to him: "Look here, don't feel so badly. You'll be traded in a day or so, and it will be all right." The words only served to increase his grief, and he, bursting into tears, blubbered: I wouldn't er cared so blame much if this hadn't er tuk place so blame sudden. Yer see, Yank, I've been er fightin' near two years for promotion an' tomorrer I wuz ter been made corporal. It's too dog-gone bad to be tuk like this jess before I was promoted." Here he cried like a baby. Well, we didn't think the fellow was any coward. He had just set his heart on promotion, and it was nearly broken by his caprure. We talked the matter over, and it ended in half burrying the reb in the leaves, and leaving him there to get back to his promotion the best way he could. We had determined that he should have that corporalship if we could help him

A Drill by Sightless Soidiers.

Forty-five sightless boys went through the evolutions of company drill with all the precision of trained veterans yesterday on the trimly-kept lawn attached to the grounds of the blind asylum at Twentieth and Race streets. They comprised the cadet corps attached to the institution. The boys carried dummy muskets and marched with perfect step. "By columns of "fours" shouted Mai. W. King, the commandant, and from single file the boys made the movement without a mistep. "Company front" effort, he said: "That thing has never was formed with equal perfection, and the wheels were made without a break. Each boy kept his distance by placing one hand upon the shoulder of the boy just in front of him, and by this means went through the drill with but one mistake. Equal proficiency was shown in the manual of arms, the young soldiers handling their wooden muskets like West Pointers. - Philadelphia Record.

Minneapolis is talking about erecting a \$75,000 monument.

The number of men available for military duty in the United States is 7,171,590.

It is proposed to erect a soldiers' monument in Prospect Park, Minneapolis, Minn.

John A. Koltes Post No. 228, Philadelphia, Pa., is a German speaking membership. There are now 109 posts in the de-

partment of New Jersey, with a membership of 7,098. It is claimed that 20,000 ex-Union soldiers reside in St. Louis, 6,000 be-

ing members of the Grand Army. Mrs. U. S. Grant was the guest of Governor and Mrs. Foraker at Colum. bus, Ohio, during the Grand Army

encampment.

Seven hundred and ninety comrades have been admitted to the Soldiers' Home at Chelsea, Mass., since its opening July 25, 1883.

George M. Childs, of Philadelpia, has thus far had four monuments placed over unmarked graves in the cemetery at West Point.

The Third Massachusetts Cavalry propose to erect a monument at Winchester, W. Va., to commemorate the Shenandoah engagements.

The United Maimed Soldiers?

Emancipation Proclamation....Jan. 1, 1863
Arkansas Post taken.....Jan. 11, 1863
Gen, Hooker succeeds Gen. Burnside.....Jan. 26, 1863
Fort Sumpter, S. C., bombarded by fleet......April 7, 1863
Grant's campaign before Vicksburg....May 1-17, 1863
Battle of Chancellorsville, Va. May 2-3, 1863
W. Virginia admitted to the June 19, 1863
W. Light Maimed Soldiers'
League has its headquarters in Philadelphia. President, I. R. Martindell;
Secretary, James M. McGee.
The beautiful statue of General Thomas, erected by the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, in Washington, has four bronze lamps, costing \$5,000, erected on marble pedestals. UnionJune 19, 1863 \$5.000, erected on marble pedestals.

THURSDAY, OCT. 11, 1888.

THE SOLDIER'S REASON WHY. Well, Jim, what years have passed away since last we wore the blue, And elbows touched together in the famous grand That we are growing old and gray 'tis easy to be-You've got a crutch to tell the tale and I've an empty sleeve.

I sat alone the other night beneath the spreading Our battles, camps and marches all came rushing back to me,
And as I thought them over, Jim, a small voice seemed to say: "You proved that you were loyal once; prove it again to-day!"

Tho' from the same canteen we've drunk in shadow and in shine—

Tho' we have fought together, Jim, your party But now I've left my party camp, to enter it no And I am marching with you, Jim, as I have marched before.

I cannot vote for Cleaveland, Jim; he did not wish When side by side, day after day, amid the battle's hell,
We bared our breasts between him and the loyal
Nation's foe,
And now when he my ballot asks I firmly answer:
"No!"

Too many pension vetoes, Jim, with insults freely He'd even cast dishonor on the empty sleeve Six months at hunger's gate I lay in rebel prison No sympathy came down to me from Grover Cleve land then.

And when I read the vetoes o'er and all their insults note,
I wonder how a soldier can for Grover Cleveland How can he hesitate to choose before the day is Between this soldier-hater and our own Ben Har-rison?

Amid Resaca's battle smoke I saw, and so did A little man who led the way clad in the army We followed him with shouting, Jim, right in among the gray,
And now that same brave little man leads us again to-day.

He will not veto pension bills. Thank God, he loves the boys
With whom he shared the hot campaigns, their dangers and their joys;
His hand is ever raised against the British freetrade foe,
And when we strew old comrades' graves he'll not a-fishing go.

"Protection to our homes!" old boy, is now my battle-cry. And justice to the veterans who went forth to do or die. or die.

Our comrades, Jim, all o'er the land, from valley, hill and plain,

Are marching to the music of the Union once again.

So this is why your comrade old, who wore an Into the box for Cleveland, Jim, will never put I've made my choice, and I am proud to tell you that the one Who leads me to the fight again is brave Ben Har-

Then, let us stand together, Jim, old soldiers tried I feel as eager for the fray as when I wore the Let Harrison ring out the charge in stirring bugle And Cleveland, Jim, be buried in a million sol dier votes!

The Father of All the Concords.

Comparatively few, probably, of all the people who have enjoyed the delicious fruit of the Concord grape, and appreciated the valuable qualities of that vine hardy, prolific, reliable, know anything of its origin. We have something interesting on the subject, in a private letter from Mrs. E. R. Sleight of Illinois, now in New England, whose brief visit here some months ago will be remembered by some of our people. She writes from Dorches-

"We spent a day in Concord, a place full of historic and literary interest—rode up and down the old Lexington road on which the British marched from Boston to the 'Battle Ground,' where was foughton that 19th day of April, 1775, the world-renowned battle of Concord. The spot on the south side of the river, where the British stood and fired, is marked by a plain shaft erected fifty years after: and at the expiration of another fifty years a fine bronze statue of a 'minute man' was placed on the opposite shore, where the Americans stood The old tavern where Major Pitcairn stirred his drink with his bloody finger and made the threat, that morning, still

"We saw the old home of the Alcotts with the Concord School of Philosophy. a queer looking building, where the mem bers held their meetings, near by; Emer son's home (and I had a bow and a smile from his daughter Helen); Hawthorne's old 'Manse,' where his and his wife' names are scratched on the window pane and the house where he lived later; and the original Concord grape vine. Mr. Bull, the originator and owner, still lives, but is old, poor and alone. Hereafter, when I eat that delicious grape, I shall think of him and the vine. If every one who has a product of that vine would send the poor old man a nickel, how much it would do for him now, in his old age and poverty

"At the cemetery we visited the graves of Hawthorne, Emerson, Thoreau, and the Alcotts. They are all near each other, and all look uncared for and neglected."

Acknowledgments.

We take pleasure in acknowledging the receipt from Prof. Samuel Garman of the Harvard Museum, of his three little monographs on "The Eel," and "Reptiles and Batrachians," partly for the valuable contributions they offer to the science of Natural History, and partly for the pleasant recollections which they awaken of former days when we strolled along the ocean shore together, picking up the various contributions of the sea. These little monographs betray the well-known habits of careful study and minute examination to which the author is addicted. Many thanks, friend Garman. May the world never be without eels, or the pickling tanks destitute of the objects of your favo rite study

Malaria and Dyspepsia.

It may not be generally known, yet it is a very stubborn fact that thousands think themselves the subject of Dyspepsia, while they are suffering from Malaria. In fact Malaria does produce all the symptoms of Dyspepsia—the bad taste, the poor or fastidious appetite, the unrefreshing sleep the irresolution and mental depression the backache or pains in the limbs and bones, all may be the result of bad air mal-aria. Thousands suffer from it all over the country, and drug themselves with pills, nostrums or quinine to no purpose often making themselves worse from the

What you want is a remedy that will cure and not poison; and the one medicine that does this work is Humphrey's Specifics Nos. Ten and Sixteen. They cure and leave the patient well, not suffering from a new disease, the result of drug poisoning. Thousands use the Specifics with perfect success. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical.

WILLIS.

George Freeman was informed last week of the death of his father, which occurred on the 20th of last month. He was with his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Russell of Elliot, California. He leaves three sons and four daughters to mourn their loss. Mr. F. was an old resident of Eaton's Mills, widely known for habits of industry.

Mrs. Smith. Butts, has returned from

Mrs. Smith Butts has returned from Carlton.
Miss Mary Breining and her sister Mrs.
Tindall, spent the Sabbath at J. M. Brein-

ing's.
Walter Ballard has taken the school at the "Brick" for nine months for \$275.
School commenced October 1.
Will Ballard will teach the winter term

of the Allen school. Eli Alban is thought to be a little bet

ter. His many friends are anxious for his Mr. Charles Harris and his sister Delia, visited at Charles Alban's last Sunday.

Miss Ruby Tabor is with her aunt, Mrs

Morris Hammond, this week.

Mr. Ambrose and Mrs. Hammond were
married last Thursday at Ann Arbor. We have known Mrs. Hammond from her childhood, and we wish them a future full of success, which is manifestly their due.

E. A. Tabor took the second premium on his clawson wheat, and twelve heads of his Michigan bronze took the first pre-

The thirteenth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Smith Mix was in every way a success. As tokens of a full set of china. As tokens of esteem, the guests left Five Harvest Excursions.

The Burlington Route, C., B. & Q. R. R. will sell on Tuesdays, August 21st, Sept. 11th and 25th, and Oct. 9th and 23d, Harvest Excursion Tickets at Half Rates to the Farming Regions of the West, Southwest and Northwest. Limit thirty days. For circular giving details concerning tickets, rates, time of train, etc., and for descriptive land folder, call on your Ticket Agent, or address P. S. Eustis, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent C., B. & Q. R. R., Chicago.

Marvin C. Brown, Druggist, Merdith Village, N. H., says: I have sold your Sulphur Bitters for years, and, contrary to most medicines, I never sold a bottle to any one who said it did not help them. They cured me of those terrible sick head aches when every other remedy failed. 5859

Anyone wishing to engage the professional services of Miss Betsey Gates, will call on Mrs. P. W. Carpenter, south Washington street.

Common Council Proceedings. REGULAR MEETING.

MONDAY EVE., October 1, 1888.

Mayor presiding. Roll called. Absent Ald. Goldsmith, Rathfon and Færster.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS. From J. R. Ketchum and others for the contraction of a sidewalk from Chicago Avenue to orest Avenue, on west side of Summit street.

Accepted and placed on file.

From D. B. Greene and others for the concuction of a sidewalk on the west side of Ballar reet, from Cross street to north line of the Janusey property.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

rom Chief of Fire Department Ypsilanti, Oct. 1, 1888.

o the Mayor and Council:

I would respectfully ask that Mr. John Mallion
e reappointed Engineer of the Steam Fire Engine.
le has discharged his duties efficiently, both in
aring for and running the engine and has kept
he Engine House in a quiet and orderly manner.

EDWARD BATWELL,
Chief Fire Dept.

On motion of Ald. Roys, John Mallion was ap ointed Engineer of Fire Department. From D. C. Griffen, and Frank Joslyn amount ne money collected during the month of Septer



Ypsilanti Opera House, WEDNESDAY, OCT 17.

McNISH, RAMZA & ARNO'S

MINSTRELSI Under the management of

MR. JOHN W. VOGEL.

A wealth of of pleasing surprises.
A score of startling novelties.
A cluster of brilliant gems.
A royal assemblage of notables SMILING BLACK FACES 38

capt-off, worn-out features. Pleasure, music, and purity. Five European novel: Twenty picked musicians. Grand Str Zouave Drill. Beautiful base ball clog Admission, 35 and 50c. No extra charge

Dodge's Jewelry Store.

OPENING

OCT. 17 & 18, 1888.

All ladies are cordially invited.

Ladies don't fail to see Mrs. Curtis's new styles before selecting your Winter Mil-

Accepted and adopted.

Voted from poor fund, ayes 7, nays 0.

Voted from fifth ward fund, ayes 7, nays 0.

Adopted, Ayes 7. Nays, Ald. Kirk, 1. On motion Council adjourned to meet Monda

On motion Council adjourns of clock. evening, October 15, 1888, at 7:30 o'clock. FRANK JOSLYN, City Clerk

CENTRAL MARKE ME MARKET

MEATS

We take great pains to suit the taste of our patrons. Give us a call.

F. C. BANGHART.

South Side Congress St., YPSILANTI, MICH.



BY NOT SEEING OUR GOODS AND PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Can Save You 25 to 50 Cents a Pair! NO EXTRA PRICES TO COVER

Bad Debts

KIP BOOTS, HAND MADE, TWO SOLES AND A TAP, WARRANTED,

\$3.00!

CASH DOES IT.

ODSPEED'S! 8 CONGRESS STREET, YPSILANTI.



WATCHES. WATCHES.

The Newest and Nicest in Waltham, Elgin and Hampden with Cases of Gold, Gold-filled and Silver at'

Call before purchasing and save money.

Successor to BARNUN & EARL,



JUDD, Agent,

Guns, Revolvers, Fishing Tackle and

Ammunition of all kinds cheaper than any one in the city.

He also repairs

Gasoline Stoves, Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Guns, Pistols

and any and every thing that is broken, in a workmanlike manner and guarantees satisfaction. Shop on WASHINGTON St., in the CADY BLOCK.

AT WORTLEY'S

OVERCOATS!

Children's, Boys', Youths', Men's.

Another invoice of celebrated

STETSON HATS

Received October 3d.

UNDERWEAR!

Keeps Out the Cold!

Saves Doctor Bills!

Insures Comfort!

PRICES WERE NEVER LOWER.

WORTLEY BROS.

A FULL LINE OF LAWN FURNITURE See us before selling

CHAIRS and SETTEES. STONE

RINGS, Etc.



VASES PATENT Reservoir Attachment.

Fine Granite and Marble

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC.

We are now prepared to make prices Great Bargains for Sept. that defy competition. We have no traveling agents. We found by experience they were expensive attachments, and have concluded to give our customers the discounts saved by this change. If you will come to the works we will convince you of this BOOKS and fact.

No establishment in this section can compete with us, for we have more stock finished ready for engraving than any three Second-Hand Books concerns in the state. You will readily see Prices can't be beat. Everybody why we can undersell them.

LOUGHRIDGE

YPSILANTI, MICHIGAN.

Tycoon Tea House

Any quantity of PEACHES this week. We want 1000 Bushels of New Oats.

Harris Bros. & Co.

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

44 East Congress St.,

Carries a full line of all kinds of Groceries. Try some of our HONEY-BEE COFFEE and Japan Teas. Fruits in season, and prices always the lowest at the

Fifth Ward Grocery.

your crop.

U. A. AINSWUKI H & UU.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank, at Ypsilanti, in the State of Michigan, at the close of business, Oct. RESOURCES.

in transit......ks and other Cash Items.

\$323,676 59 LIABILITIES. apital Stock paid in...

1,125 00

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day f Oct., 1888. D. C. Griffen, Notary Public. Correct—Attest. C. S. WORTLEY, D. L. QUIRK,

Is now receiving a large and elegant

for the STUDENTS of the Normal and Union Schools.

Over 100 kinds of Note Books and Pads, and a full line of

Welcome to Call. Also a large stock of

Perfumery and Cosmetics, Fine Toilet Soaps, Tooth Brushes, etc., etc.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!